

# 7210 SERVICE ACCESS SWITCH (SAS) MPLS INSTALLATION GUIDE

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#### Caution:

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure.

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# Preface

### **About This Manual**

This guide provides site preparation recommendations, step-by-step procedures to rack mount the Alcatel-Lucent 7210 Service Access Switch MPLS (SAS-M)<sup>®</sup> (i.e. 7210 SAS-M 24F, 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP, and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR), and instructions to install and configure the TiMOS software.

This guide hereafter refers to all the variants (i.e. 7210 SAS-M 24F, 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP, and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR) as 7210 SAS-M. Any differences amongst the variants are called out separately, as applicable.

Each 7210 SAS-M router is shipped with rack-mounting brackets, a console cable, power cord (AC only), and rubber feet.

### Warnings and Notes

Observe the warnings and notes to avoid injury or router damage during installation and maintenance. Follow the safety procedures and guidelines when working with and near electrical equipment. Warning statements and notes are provided in each chapter.

## Audience

This guide is intended for network installers and system administrators who are responsible for installing, configuring, or maintaining networks. This guide assumes you are familiar with electronic and networking technologies.

# **Information Symbols**

Table 1 describes symbols contained in this guide.

#### Table 1: Information Symbols

| Symbol    | Meaning      | Description   |  |
|-----------|--------------|---|--|
| Ŕ         | Danger       | This symbol warns that improper handling and installation could result in bodily<br>injury. An electric shock hazard could exist. Before you begin work on this<br>equipment, be aware of hazards involving electrical circuitry, networking<br>environments, and instigate accident prevention procedures. |  |
|           | Caution      | This symbol warns that improper handling and installation could result in equipment damage or loss of data.   |  |
|           | Warning      | This symbol warns that improper handling may reduce your component or system performance.   |  |
| <b>→</b>  | Note         | This symbol provides additional operational information.  |  |
| Class 1 L | aser Product | Class 1 laser products are listed in the MDA installation guides. Only approved Class 1 replaceable laser transceivers should be used with this product.  |  |

### **Technical Support**

If you purchased a service agreement for your 7210 SAS-M and related products from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the technical support staff for that distributor or reseller for assistance. If you purchased an Alcatel-Lucent service agreement, contact technical assistance at:

Web: http://www1.alcatel-lucent.com/comps/pages/carrier\_support.jhtml

# 7210 SAS-M Overview

This chapter describes the 7210 SAS-M features and includes the following sections:

- 7210 SAS-M Introduction and Features on page 12
- Switch Architecture on page 14
- Features on page 15
- Hardware Description on page 16

## 7210 SAS-M Introduction and Features

The 7210 SAS-M is a multilayer service-aware MPLS-capable switch. The switch is available as two variants, as follows:

- 7210 SAS-M 24F with support for up to 24 100/1000 SFP ports
- 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR with support for up to 24 100/ 1000 SFP ports and up to 2 XFP (10G) ports

The 7210 SAS-M and its variants have one 10/100BASE-TX management port for dedicated management access.



Figure 1: 7210 SAS-M 24F Front Panel

The 7210 SAS-M 24F includes the following features:

- 24 100/1000 SFP ports
- One RJ-45 management port for firmware upgrade or system management
- One RJ-45 console (RS-232 interface) connector for device management
- Embedded SR OS
- Compact size: 1.5RU height, 19-inch rack-mountable metal enclosure, 10-inch depth (ETSI)



Figure 2: 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR Front Panel

The 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR include the following features:

- 24 100/1000 SFP ports and 2 10G XFP ports
- One RJ-45 management port for firmware upgrade or system management
- One RJ-45 console (RS-232 interface) connector for device management
- 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR version supports extended temperature range
- Embedded SR OS
- Compact size: 1.5RU height, 19-inch rack-mountable metal enclosure, 10-inch depth (ETSI)

**Note:** Except for the labeling, the 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR chassis are identical in terms of front panel appearance.

# **Switch Architecture**

The 7210 SAS-M employs a wire-speed, non-blocking switching fabric. This permits simultaneous wire-speed transport of multiple packets at low latency on all ports. The switch also features full-duplex capability on all ports, that effectively doubles the bandwidth of each connection.

### **Network Management Options**

This switch contains a comprehensive array of LEDs for at-a-glance monitoring of network and port status. It also includes a management agent that enables you to configure or monitor your switch using its CLI, or by using SNMP applications.

To manage the switch, you can make a direct connection to the console port (out-of-band Ethernet management port) or you can manage it by using a network connection (in-band SFP or XFP ports) using Telnet/SSH or SNMP-based network management software.

The management port provides a dedicated management channel that operates outside of the data transport network. This makes it possible to reconfigure or troubleshoot the switch over either a local or remote connection to the management port when access using the data channel is not possible or deemed insecure.

### **Features**

The 7210 SAS-M includes the following features:

- Wire speed, non-blocking, service-aware MPLS switch
- 24 100/1000 SFP ports are available in 7210 SAS-M
- 2 10G XFP ports are available in 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR
- 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR supports extended temperature range.
- Powered by SR OS
- Per-service quality of service (QoS) with up to eight levels of class-based queuing per port
- Per-service OAM toolkit with IEEE 802.1ag, IEEE 802.3ah and local service mirroring
- Supports NULL and Dot1Q access SAPs.
- Dual homed connections uplinks to separate aggregation devices
- Flexible deployment options with support for mesh and ring topologies
- MEF 9 and MEF 14 certified platform
- Managed by the 5620 SAM
- Provides four isolated alarm inputs and two dry contacts that relay outputs through a DB-15 interface on the front panel
- Hot-swappable, redundant, load sharing AC or DC power and fan modules

### Connectivity

The 7210 SAS-M includes the following connectivity features:

- 100/1000 fiber-optic SFP ports.
- 10G XFP ports on 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR only
- IEEE 802.3-2005 Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, and Ten-Gigabit (only on 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR) compliance ensures compatibility with standards-based network cards and switches from any vendor.



# Hardware Description



| Key | Description   |
|-----|---|
| 1   | Ground and DC power connection  |
| 2   | Power trays<br>Power tray one to fit power supply 2a<br>Power tray two to fit power supply 2b |
| 3   | LEDs  |
| 4   | Alarm connector   |
| 5   | USB port  |
| 6   | Alarm cut off button  |
| 7   | Reset button  |
| 8   | Expansion slot  |
| 9   | 100/1000 SFP port LEDs  |
| 10  | Management port   |
| 11  | Console port  |
| 12  | Fan tray  |
|     |   |

#### Table 2: 7210 SAS-M Front Panel Features

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Figure 4: 7210 SAS-M 24F XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F XFP ETR Front Panel

#### Table 3: 7210 SAS-M 24F XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F XFP ETR Front Panel Features

| Key | Description   |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|
| 1   | Ground and DC power connection  |  |  |
| 2   | Power trays<br>Power tray one to fit power supply 2a<br>Power tray two to fit power supply 2b |  |  |
| 3   | LEDs  |  |  |
| 4   | Alarm connector   |  |  |
| 5   | USB port  |  |  |
| 6   | Alarm cut off button  |  |  |
| 7   | Reset button  |  |  |
| 8   | Expansion slot  |  |  |
| 9   | 100/1000 SFP port LEDs  |  |  |
| 10  | XFP ports   |  |  |

#### Table 3: 7210 SAS-M 24F XFPand 7210 SAS-M 24F XFP ETR Front Panel Features

#### Key

#### Description

- 11 Management port
- 12 Console port
- 13 Fan tray

### **Ethernet Interfaces**

The 7210 SAS-M provides 24 100/1000 SFP ports. Each port can be used for a direct connection to a subscriber's Customer Premises Equipment (CPE), or as an uplink to another aggregation node. The 7210 SAS-M supports 10/100/1000 Base-T copper SFPs. In addition, the 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR variants support 2 x 10G XFP ports. This port can serve as a network uplink to another aggregation node or as a direction to a subscriber's CPE.

#### **Management Port**

The management port provides a dedicated management interface that is segregated from data traffic crossing the other ports.

### **Console Port**

The console port uses an RJ-45 connector with serial pinouts (see Table 12) that enables a connection to a terminal for performing switch monitoring and configuration operations. The terminal may be a PC or workstation that is running terminal emulation software, or a terminal configured as a Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) connection. A null-modem wired serial cable is supplied with the switch for connecting to this interface.

The serial port configuration requirements are as follows:

- Default Baud rate 115200 bps
- Character Size 8 Characters
- Parity None
- Stop bit One
- Data bits 8
- Flow control none

### **Alarm Interface Port**

The alarm interface port is a D-type 15-pin connector that supports a critical alarm output, a major alarm output, and four alarm inputs. When your system has a critical or major alarm, the CPU will drive the alarm relay to issue the alarm output and turn on the critical or major LED. If you push the alarm cut off (ACO) button, the relay will be released but the LED will stay on until the alarm is cleared.

The system signals the appropriate alarm output for the following events:

- Fan failure Critical alarm is raised.
- On power supply failure Critical alarm is raised. The critical alarm is cleared and a major alarm is raised if the failed power supply is removed).
- On power source failure Critical alarm is generated and the system's status LED turns amber in color and blinks.
- Chassis temperature threshold exceeded Major alarm is raised.

The system also supports four alarm inputs. The input voltage range is from 24V to 48V. If an alarm input is active, the CPU will process it, output it to the CLI, and issue an SNMP trap. An alarm input can also be configured to drive the appropriate alarm output pin. Please refer the System Basics user guide for more details on configuring the alarm inputs.

See Table 4 for the alarm interface port pinouts.

| Pin | Name            | Function   |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1   | CRIT_ALARM_CNTR | Common contact for Critical alarm relay.                               |
| 2   | CRIT_ALARM_NO   | Normally open during Critical alarm state.                             |
| 3   | MJR_ALARM_NC    | Normally closed during Major alarm state.                              |
| 4   | N/C             | N/C  |
| 5   | ALARM_IN4_EXT_+ | External alarm input 4 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 12). |
| 6   | ALARM_IN3_EXT_+ | External alarm input 3 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 13). |
| 7   | ALARM_IN2_EXT_+ | External alarm input 2 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 14). |

#### Table 4: Alarm Interface Port Pinouts

| Pin | Name              | Function  |
|-----|-------------------|---|
| 8   | ALARM_IN1_EXT_+   | External alarm input 1 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 15).  |
| 9   | CRIT_ALARM_NC     | Normally closed during Critical alarm state.                            |
| 10  | MJR_ALARM_CNTR    | Common contact for Major alarm relay.                                   |
| 11  | MJR_ALARM_NO      | Normally open during Major alarm state.                                 |
| 12  | ALARM_IN4_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 4 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 5). |
| 13  | ALARM_IN3_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 3 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 6). |
| 14  | ALARM_IN2_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 2 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 7). |
| 15  | ALARM_IN1_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 1 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 8). |

#### Table 4: Alarm Interface Port Pinouts

RTN refers to the negative side of the floating external power supply. This power supply must not be connected to chassis ground and should be 18-50 volts DC at 100 ma. Please refer to Appendix , "Appendix C: Alarm Pin Assignments," on page 83 for further information.

### **Power Modules**

7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR variant provides three power module options: -48V, +24V and universal AC. See Figure 5 for an illustration of the power modules.

For specifications on the power supply modules and external input power requirements, see "Connecting to a Power Source" on page 41 and "Appendix A: Specifications" on page 75.



Figure 5: AC and DC Power Modules

#### Table 5: Power Module LEDs

| LED                | Condition | Status                                      |
|--------------------|-----------|---|
| AC, -48V,+24, +12V | Green     | DC or AC power is functioning normally.     |
|                    | Off       | External power not connected or has failed. |

The -48V/+24V/AC LEDs on the left indicate the status of external power. The +12V LED on the right indicates the status of the internal power conversion process.

| - |
|---|
|---|

**Note:** You must use AC and/or DC power supplies with your 7210 SAS-M. AC and DC power supplies can be used simultaneously.

|--|

**Note:** The 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR variant must use a power supply which supports extended temperature range.

| $\rightarrow$ |
|---------------|
|               |

**Note:** The +24V DC power module must not be used simultaneously with the -48V DC power supply.

| → |
|---|
|---|

**Note:** The +24V DC power module is supported on the 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR variant chassis ONLY.

#### DC power source failure detection

The 7210 platform provides capability to detect DC power source (-48V or +24V source) failure. The 7210 chassis allows two DC power sources to be connected to the chassis. If the system detects that the DC power source has failed, it raises a critical alarm (the Critical LED is lit and the Critical Alarm output pin is triggered) and the system's status LED turns amber and blinks.. The alarm is cleared if the DC power source is restored. There is no user configuration required to enable this feature. The software enables this feature automatically by detecting the capability of the hardware platform.

The system has two slots to plug in AC or DC power supplies. It associates the DC power supply in top slot with power source feed #A (-48V or +24V Ret-A on the chassis) and DC power supply in the bottom slot with power source feed #B (-48V or +24VRetB on the chassis). The system detects the failure of power source feed #A only if the DC power supply is plugged into the top slot. Similarly, the system detects the failure of power source feed #B only if the DC power supply is plugged into the bottom slot. The trap message generated by the system indicates that there was an input failure for the power supply associated with power input feed that failed.

| Note: New traps needs to be explicitly enabled by the user and are suppressed by |
|--|
| default.   |

| <b>Notes:</b> The power feeds are summed up internally before feeding the power supply units. |
|---|
| Hence, the DC power supply units will output power even if one of the power source feed is    |
| available.  |

The following table lists the conditions under which the system detects a power source failure.

| Power Feed<br>#A<br>(Available/<br>Failed) | Power Feed<br>#B<br>(Available/<br>Failed) | Power<br>Supply in<br>Top Slot<br>(PS1) | Power<br>Supply in<br>Bottom<br>Slot<br>(PS2) | Alarm<br>Generated<br>(Yes/No) | Notes                                     |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|---|
| Available                                  | Available                                  | DC                                      | DC  | No                             |   |
| Available                                  | Failed                                     | DC                                      | DC  | Yes                            | PS2 input failure / PS2<br>output OK      |
| Failed                                     | Available                                  | DC                                      | DC  | Yes                            | PS1 input failure / PS1<br>output OK      |
| Failed                                     | Failed                                     | DC                                      | DC  |                                | No power to system                        |
| Available                                  | Available                                  | None                                    | DC  | No                             |   |
| Available                                  | Failed                                     | None                                    | DC  | Yes                            | PS2 input failure / PS2<br>output OK      |
| Failed                                     | Available                                  | None                                    | DC  | No                             | Input failure / Not<br>detected           |
| Failed                                     | Failed                                     | None                                    | DC  |                                | No power to system                        |
| Available                                  | Available                                  | DC                                      | None  | No                             |   |
| Available                                  | Failed                                     | DC                                      | None  | No                             | Input failure / Not<br>detected           |
| Failed                                     | Available                                  | DC                                      | None  | Yes                            | PS1 input failure / PS1<br>output OK      |
| Failed                                     | Failed                                     | DC                                      | None  |                                | No power to system                        |
| Available                                  | Available                                  | AC                                      | DC  | No                             |   |
| Available                                  | Failed                                     | AC                                      | DC  | Yes                            | PS2 input failure / PS2<br>output OK      |
| Failed                                     | Available                                  | AC                                      | DC  | No                             | Input failure / Not<br>detected           |
| Failed                                     | Failed                                     | AC                                      | DC  | Yes                            | PS2 input failure / PS2<br>output failure |
| Available                                  | Available                                  | DC                                      | AC  | No                             |   |

 Table 6: Power Source Failure Detection Capability

| Power Feed<br>#A<br>(Available/<br>Failed) | Power Feed<br>#B<br>(Available/<br>Failed) | Power<br>Supply in<br>Top Slot<br>(PS1) | Power<br>Supply in<br>Bottom<br>Slot<br>(PS2) | Alarm<br>Generated<br>(Yes/No) | Notes                                |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Available                                  | Failed                                     | DC                                      | AC  | No                             | Input failure / Not<br>detected      |
| Failed                                     | Available                                  | DC                                      | AC  | Yes                            | PS1 input failure / PS1<br>output OK |
| Failed                                     | Failed                                     | DC                                      | AC  | Yes                            | PS1 input failure / PS1<br>output OK |

Table 6: Power Source Failure Detection Capability

### **USB** Port

The USB port is reserved for future use.

### Fan Tray

A hot-swappable fan tray on the right side of the front panel contains three fans that provide cooling for the chassis. See Figure 6 for an illustration of the fan tray.

The fans are controlled by the system software, and their speed is set according to the environmental temperature surrounding the switch. Allow at least three inches of clearance on the side of the rack to ensure proper airflow intake cooling system. The fan trays must be in place before the chassis is powered on.



Figure 6: Fan Tray

The fan tray also contains an air filter. The filter tray must always be installed while the chassis is powered up. The air filter prevents large particles, debris, and dust from entering and circulating through the system. Inspect your air filter monthly and clean it when accumulated dust is present.

To inspect and remove your air filter, see Figure 7 and perform the following steps:

- **Step 1** Loosen the captive screws on the fan tray (1).
- **Step 2** Carefully remove the fan tray from the router chassis and remove the air filter (2) to inspect it and clean it if necessary.
- **Step 3** After inspecting and cleaning the air filter, replace it in the fan tray so that the edge of the air filter is flush with the rear of the fan tray.
- **Step 4** Replace the fan tray and tighten the captive screws.



Figure 7: Removing and Replacing the Fan Tray and Air Filter

### System LEDs and Buttons

The LEDs are located on the front panel and the power module trays. See Figure 8 for the location of the system LEDs and buttons, Table 7 for key descriptions, and Table 8 for alarm descriptions.



Figure 8: System LEDs and Buttons

| Key | Description   |
|-----|---|
| 1   | Alarm LEDs and 10G port LEDs for 7210 SAS M 24F 2XFP and 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR only |
| 2   | Alarm Cut Off button  |
| 3   | Reset button  |
| 4   | 100/1000 SFP port LEDs  |
| 5   | Management port   |
| 6   | Console port  |

## System and Port LEDs

| LED      | Condition | Status  |
|----------|-----------|---|
| Critical | Red       | Indicates the presence of a new critical alarm.   |
| Major    | Amber     | Indicates the presence of a new major alarm.  |
| Fan      | Off       | Indicates that the fans are functioning properly.   |
|          | Red       | Indicates that one or more of the fans has failed, or that the fan tray is not connected.<br><b>Note:</b> The LED blinks shortly during the boot process. |
| Status   | Green     | The system has completed boot phase and is running normally. <b>Note:</b> The status LED turns amber and blinks on power source failure.                  |

## Port LEDs

The port LEDs are described in Table 9.

| Table 9: | Port | LEDs |
|----------|------|------|
|----------|------|------|

| LED              | Condition      | Status                                   |
|------------------|----------------|--|
| SFP ports 1–24   | Green          | Port has a valid link.                   |
|                  | Flashing Green | Flashing indicates activity on the port. |
|                  | Off            | The link is down.                        |
| XFP ports 25, 26 | Green          | Port has a valid link.                   |
|                  | Flashing Green | Flashing indicates activity on the port. |
|                  | Off            | The link is down.                        |

See Figure 9 for an illustration of two ports and their corresponding LEDs. See Table 11 key descriptions.



Figure 9: SFP Port LEDs

#### Table 10: Port LED Key Descriptions

| Кеу | Description   |
|-----|---|
| 1   | Reserved.   |
| 2   | LED that indicates status for an odd-numbered port. Odd-numbered ports are in the top row.      |
| 3   | Reserved.   |
| 4   | LED that indicates status for an even numbered port. Even-numbered ports are in the bottom row. |
| 5   | SFP slots.  |

## **System Buttons and Switches**

See Table 11 for descriptions of front panel buttons and switches.

| Table 11. Front Faller Buttons and Ownerles |            |  |
|---|------------|--|
| Button/Switch                               | Condition  | Status   |
| Power Module Switch                         | 0          | Standby mode if switch is connected to a power source. |
|   | 1          | AC or DC power is applied to the switch.               |
| ACO (Alarm Cut Off)                         | Not pushed | Normal operating mode.                                 |
| Reset (Recessed)                            | Not pushed | Normal operating mode. Push to reset hardware.         |

#### **Table 11: Front Panel Buttons and Switches**

# Installing the 7210 SAS-M

This chapter describes site preparation and installation of your 7210 SAS-M and includes the following sections:

- Site Preparation on page 34
- Installing Your Switch on page 36

## **Site Preparation**

### **Selecting a Site**

Mount the 7210 SAS-M in a standard 19-inch equipment rack or on a flat surface. When you mount your switch on a flat surface, ensure that the four rubber feet are installed on the bottom of the box.

The site should be a weather-protected and temperature-controlled location, and should include the following criteria:

- Maintain site temperature within 0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F) and its humidity within 5% to 95%, non-condensing for the 7210 SAS-M. For the 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR variant, maintain site temperature within -40 to 65 °C (-49 to 149 °F).
- Provide adequate space on the front and two sides of the unit to enable servicing and proper air flow.
- Ensure a secure environment in which only authorized and trained service personnel are allowed to service the unit (IEC 60950 safety requirement).

### **Ethernet Cabling**

To ensure proper operation when installing switches into a network, make sure that the cables are suitable for 100/1000 fiber-optic or 10/100/1000Base-T copper operation, as appropriate. Make sure your installation complies with the following guidelines:

- Cable type: Unshielded twisted pair (UTP) or shielded twisted pair (STP) cables with RJ-45 connectors; Category 3 or better for 10BASE-T, Category 5 or better for 100BASE-TX, and Category 5, 5e or 6 for 1000BASE-T.
- Make sure your cables are not damaged and RJ-45 connectors are well connected.
- Avoid installing copper cables close to strong electromagnetic fields generated by electric generators, elevator engines, or similar heavy electric machines.
- Make sure you only use SFPs and XFPs that are supported by Alcatel-Lucent.

## **Equipment Checklist**

After unpacking your switch, check the contents to make sure all the components are present. Before installation, make sure you have all the necessary equipment.

## **Installing Your Switch**

### **Rack Mounting**

If you plan to rack-mount your switch, make sure you have the following equipment available:

- Four mounting screws for each device you plan to install in a rack (not included)
- A screwdriver (Phillips or flathead, depending on the type of screws used)

To rack-mount your 7210 SAS-M:

**Step 1** Attach the brackets to the device using the screws provided in the Bracket Mounting Kit. See Figure 10.



Figure 10: Attaching the Brackets

**Step 2** Mount the 7210 SAS-M in the rack, using four rack-mounting screws (not provided). See Figure 11.


Figure 11: Installing the Switch in a Rack

- **Step 3** If you are installing a single switch, proceed to Grounding the Chassis on page 39.
- **Step 4** If installing multiple switches, mount them in the rack, one below the other, in any order.

# **Desktop or Shelf Mounting**



**Step 1** Attach the four adhesive feet to the bottom of the first switch. See Figure 12.

Figure 12: Attaching the Adhesive Feet

- **Step 2** Set the device on a flat surface near an external power source, making sure there are at least three inches of space on the front and sides for proper air flow.
- **Step 3** If you are installing a single switch, proceed to "Grounding the Chassis" on page 39.
- **Step 4** If you are installing multiple switches, attach four adhesive feet to each switch. Place each device squarely on top of the one below, in any order.

# **Grounding the Chassis**

The router is suitable for installation as part of the Common Bonding Network (CBN) or an Isolated Bonding Network (IBN). The router is suitable for installation in Network Telecommunication Facilities or locations where the NEC applies.

Before powering on the switch, ground the switch to earth as described below.

- **Step 1** Ensure that the rack on which the switch is to be mounted is properly grounded.
- **Step 2** Ensure that you have made a suitable electrical connection to the grounding point on the rack. Ensure that no paint or isolating surface treatment is present on the grounding point.
- **Step 3** Disconnect all power cables to the switch.
- **Step 4** The switch chassis is connected internally to 0 V. This circuit is connected to the doublehole grounding terminal on the rear of the switch (lower right corner) using Metric M4-.7 pitch screws and a Panduit LCCF8-14A-L or compatible ground lug. The surface area around this terminal is not painted in order to provide for a good connection. Attach a #8 AWG stranded copper wire to the grounding terminal on the switch.
- **Step 5** Attach the grounding wire to the ground point on the rack.



**CAUTION:** The earth connection must not be removed unless all supply connections have been disconnected.

**Warning:** Chassis ground cables are not included. Use only power cords that have a grounding (earthing) path. Use only power cords that have a grounding (earthing) path. Main grounding (earthing) connection points are through the IEC60320 appliance inlets. Grounding (earthing) points on the rear of the equipment are for equipotential bonding only and are not the safety grounding (earthing) points for the equipment. Lack of proper grounding (earthing) of the equipment may result in a safety hazard and excessive electromagnetic emissions. See Table 11 on page 47 for descriptions of common grounding-type (earthing) power supply cords.

**Warning:** If you ground the equipment by a method other than those provided in this manual, those means should be in compliance with all local wiring regulations and practices.

**Warning:** To comply with the GR-1089-CORE, Issue 03, requirement R4-9 [31] standard for electromagnetic compatibility and safety, all intra-building ports are specified for use with shielded and grounded cables at both ends.

**Warning:** The intra-building port(s) of the equipment or sub-assembly is suitable for connection to intrabuilding or unexposed wiring or cabling only. The intra-building port(s) of the equipment or sub-assembly must not be metallically connected to interfaces that connect to the Outside Plant (OSP) or its wiring. These interfaces are designed for use as intra-building interfaces only (Type 2 or Type 4 ports as described in GR-1089-CORE, Issue 4) and require isolation from the exposed OSP cabling. The addition of primary protectors is not sufficient protection in order to connect these interfaces metallically to OSP wiring.

**Warning:** Bare conductors must be coated with an appropriate antioxidant compound before crimp connections are made. All unplated connectors, braided strap, and bus bars must be brought to a bright finish and then coated with an antioxidant before they are connected. **Warning:** The equipment under test (EUT) is specified for DC-I power configurations. The battery returns must remain isolated until they reach the main power bus.

Danger: Only electrical service personnel should perform wiring and cabling to the system.

**Danger:** All power to the equipment rack or cabinet should be disconnected before the installation.

**Danger:** Power cable(s) must meet your local electric code requirements.

**Danger:** The power supply on/standby switch is not intended to be used as the chassis ON/ OFF switch. Unplug the power cord from the power source and disconnect the cord from the receptacle on the power supply module to remove power.

**Danger:** An external circuit breaker no greater than 15A must be located within a readily accessible distance of the equipment. This is intended as the disconnect device.

# **Connecting to a Power Source**

This switch supports both AC and DC power supply modules.



**Notes:** The switch is designed to accept up to two AC or two DC power supplies. The switch also accepts a single AC and single DC power supply.



→

**Notes:** The 7210 SAS-M 24F 2XFP ETR version must use the extended temperature range power supplies.

### **Connecting to AC Power**

**Notes:** In order to comply with the GR-1089 Lightning Criteria for Equipment Interfacing With AC Power Ports, an external Surge Protective Device (Perma Power Model # PXD309) is intended to be used at the AC input of the router.

To connect the switch to a power source:

- **Step 1** Verify that the external AC power supply has the following rating: 100-240VAC, 50/60 Hz, 2A.
- **Step 2** Make sure the AC power module is installed and powered OFF before you plug the power cable into the AC power source.
- **Step 3** Check the power module LEDs as the switch is powered on to verify that the AC LED indicating external power status is on, and that the +12V LED indicating internal power conversion is on. If not, recheck the power supply and power cable connections at the supply source and at the power module.
- **Step 4** A redundent AC power module may be hot swappable plugged in. However, for safety precautions the main power cord should be connected after the AC power module is installed.
- **Step 5** If you have installed both primary and redundant power supply modules, verify that the LEDs on both modules are lit as indicated in the preceding step.

### **Connecting to DC Power**

The 7210 SAS-M chassis supports the -48V and +24V DC power modules. Hence, the steps below are applicable for either the -48V or the +24V DC power modules.

-

**Notes:** Below the DC power entry block is an additional chassis ground point for attaching a DC power chassis ground if required by local electrical codes. The ground point should be connected with an M4 screw and a terminal lug as specified by local electrical codes.



**Notes:** Do NOT install BOTH the -48V and the +24V AC PEMs in the same chassis.



**Notes:** If a single power feed (either #A or #B) is connected to provide power to the system, it supplies power to both the power supplies, if both of them plugged in. The DC power feeds, #A and #B, are internally bridged using a diode.

To connect DC power:

**Step 1** Before a VDC power supply module can be used, you must connect an external DC power source to the DC power connection on the left side of the front panel (see Figure 1). The external DC power supply must be between -36 to -72 VDC, and protected with a circuit breaker.



#### WARNING:

Before wiring the DC plug or connecting power to the switch, ensure that power to the feed lines is turned off at the supply circuit breaker or disconnected from the power bus.

- **Step 2** To provide adequate circuit protection between the DC power supply and the switch, all intermediate wiring and circuitry should be rated to carry a load at least two times the maximum rating for this switch (see Appendix A: Specifications on page 75).
- **Step 3** The wiring between the DC power supply and the switch must be stranded copper wire within the range of 16 to 20 AWG in accordance with local electrical codes.
- **Step 4** Connect the VDC power feed using the VDC input and RETA/B (return) lines for power source A and B, respectively. Insert the wires into the DC input plug (using a small flat-tip screwdriver). Color code the wiring according to local standards to ensure that the input power and ground lines can be easily distinguished.



Figure 13 illustrates how to connect a -48 VDC power source to the chassis:

Figure 13: Connecting to a -48 VDC Power Source

Figure 14 illustrates how to connect a +24 VDC power source to the chassis:



Figure 14: Connecting to a +24 VDC Power Source



#### WARNING:

If the power leads are plugged into the wrong holes, the power supply will not work properly and may damage the switch.

- **Step 5** After the power source is tuned on, set the power button on the front of the power supply module to the ON position (marked "— ').
- Step 6 Check the LEDs on the power supply module as the switch is powered on to verify that the -48V/+24V LED indicating external power status is on, and that the +12V LED indicating internal power conversion is on. If not, recheck the power supply and power cable connections at the supply source and at power supply module.
- **Step 7** If you have installed both a primary and redundant power supply module, verify that the LEDs on both modules are lit as indicated in the preceding step.

### **Connecting to the Console Port**

The RJ-45 serial port on the front panel is used to connect to the switch for out-of-band console configuration. The on-board configuration program can be accessed from a terminal or a PC running a terminal emulation program.

The pin assignments used to connect to the serial port are provided in Table 12.

| RJ45 | Pin | Usage                                |
|------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| RTS  | 1   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| NC   | 2   | Not used. Should not be connected    |
| TXD  | 3   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| GND  | 4   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| GND  | 5   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| RXD  | 6   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| NC   | 7   | Not used. Should not be connected    |
| CTS  | 8   | Used as defined. Should be connected |

#### Table 12: Serial Cable Wiring

# SFP/XFPs

# In This Chapter

This chapter describes how to replace Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers on MDA ports that support these devices.

- Warnings and Notes on page 46
- Installation Preparation on page 47
- Locking Mechanisms on page 47
- Installing SFP/XFPs on page 48
- Removing SFP/XFPs on page 48

# Warnings and Notes



#### Danger:

• Fiber optic equipment can emit laser or infrared light that can injure your eyes. Never look into an optical fiber or connector port. Always assume that fiber optic cables are connected to a light source.



#### Caution:

- Make sure the plug is inserted while you install or remove the SFP. *Only* remove the plug when you are ready to attach network cables.
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage can occur if router components, including SFPs, are mishandled. Always wear an ESD-preventive wrist or ankle strap and always connect an ESD strap to the grounding plug on the front of the chassis.
- Always place router components on an anti-static surface.
- Avoid bending fiber optic cable beyond its minimum bend radius.
- Do not exceed the recommended minimum 1 1/2-inch (3.81 cm) bend radius for fiber optic cables.



#### Warning:

• Do not remove the dust cover on the connector until you are ready to install the SFP. Always replace the the dust cover when the SFP is removed.



#### Notes:

- Discard SFPs according to all local laws and regulations.
- SFPs are keyed to prevent incorrect insertion.

# **Installation Preparation**

Clean the connector before inserting it to prevent transfer of small particles and contamination of the transceiver. Do not interchange SFP/XFPs from one port to another without first cleaning the connectors.

To clean the connector, you can either:

- Wipe the side and end of the ferrule with a lint-free alcohol-dampened cloth.
- Blow dry the ferrule with compressed air and inspect for lint. Do not insert the compressed air nozzle into the receptacle when blowing out.

## **Locking Mechanisms**

Alcatel-Lucent SFP/XFPs can use different lock and release methods. Possible lock and release mechanisms include:

- Locking handle—A locking handle (lever) in the front of the SFP/XFP that you gently raise or lower to insert or remove from the port.
- Bail A bar or wire latch in the front of the SFP/XFP that you pull down and outward to release the module.
- Tabs on the sides of the SFP/XFP that you press inward.

# Installing SFP/XFPs

To install an SFP/XFP transceiver:

- **Step 1** Remove the SFP/XFP from its anti-static packaging.
- **Step 2** Holding the SFP/XFP by its sides, slide the unit into the port until it clicks into place.
- **Step 3** Remove the plug from the SFP/XFP optical bore when you are ready to attach the network cable.

## **Removing SFP/XFPs**

If you are removing an SFP/XFP, have a replacement SFP/XFP or slot plug, an anti-static mat, and a safety cap for the SFP/XFP transceiver ready.

To remove an SFP/XFP:

- **Step 1** Disconnect the network cable from the optical connector.
- **Step 2** Pull the lever located in the front of the SFP/XFP with your thumb and forefinger. Slide the connector out of the port.
- **Step 3** Place the SFP/XFP on an anti-static mat or in an electro-static bag.
- **Step 4** Install an SFP/XFP replacement or re-insert the plug.
- **Step 5** Connect the network cable or place a safety cap over the optical transceiver.

**Note:** Verify that the temperature ratings for the SFPs and XFPs match those of the intended operating environment.

# Configuring the 7210 SAS-M

This chapter describes how to configure your 7210 SAS-M and contains the following sections:

- Diagnostics on page 50
- Initializing the System and Downloading Software on page 51
- Establishing Router Connections on page 65

# **Diagnostics**

## **Post Installation Status**

After successfully installing the switch, ensure that the LEDs show the following state:

- Critical: OFF
- Major: OFF
- Fan: OFF
- Status: Steady GREEN

If any of the above LEDs shows a different state, press the **Reset** button and wait for a few seconds to let the system boot.

# Initializing the System and Downloading Software

The 7210 SAS-M ships with bootloader and TiMOS in flash. When the system is powered up for the first time, the bootloader will attempt an auto-init procedure (see the System Basics Guide for more information). The auto-init can, however, be interrupted and the boot operation can be controlled manually.



**Note:** By default, 7210 platforms attempt the autoinit procedure unless interrupted by user and forced to use Timos available in the flash.

## Booting a 7210 SAS-M in the Lab

There are several ways to boot the 7210 SAS-M from the network. User can choose to boot the device using one of the following options:

- Using the image shipped along with the box to boot the device
- Using the network to load the image and boot the device

The following sections describe how to boot the device using either of the options listed above.



Figure 15: 7210 SAS-M Boot Process

# Booting a 7210 SAS-M using the image on Flash (with the image shipped by factory)

You will need the following:

- A PC with a serial port and Hyperterminal
- Cable that connects the console port of SAS-M to the serial port of PC

Connect the 7210's console port to serial port of the PC and then power on the 7210. The system will start booting up with messages on the console similar to those shown below. Follow the procedure given below to boot the system with the image on the flash.

```
Resetting...OK
Alcatel-Lucent 7210 Boot ROM. Copyright 2009-2011 Alcatel-Lucent.
All rights reserved. All use is subject to applicable license agreements.
Testing ROM load area...done
Relocating code...Jumping to RAM
Performing second stage RAM test....passed
Board Serial Number is 'NS1111C0115'
Bootlog started for Version A-V-3.0.B5-85
Build V-3.0.B5-85 bootrom/mpc 7xxx
Built on Wed Apr 20 13:52:05 IST 2011 by builder in /builder/3.0B5/panos/main
?Attempting to load from file cf1:/boot.tim
Version L-3.0.B5-85, Wed Apr 20 14:13:38 IST 2011 by builder in /builder/3.0B5/panos/main
text:(4782384-->20108848) + data:(1084015-->3891872)
Starting at 0xb000000...
PCIe: Port 0 Link UP
Total Memory: 512MB Chassis Type: sas Card Type: badami_7210
TiMOS-L-3.0.B5-85 boot/mpc ALCATEL SAS-M 6F4T 7210 Copyright (c) 2000-2011 Alcatel-Lucent.
All rights reserved. All use subject to applicable license agreements.
Built on Wed Apr 20 14:13:38 IST 2011 by builder in /builder/3.0B5/panos/main
TIMOS BOOT LOADER
Time from clock is THU APR 21 11:03:21 2011 UTC
Switching serial output to sync mode... done
```

Since the switch does not ship with a BOF, it will show the default settings.

#System Settings: wait 3 persist off console-speed 115200 Hit a key within 2 seconds to change boot parameters...

#### Press any key.

Enter password to edit the Boot Options File Or CTRL-D to exit the prompt Password:

#### The default password is 'password'.

You must supply some required Boot Options. At any prompt, you can type: "restart" - restart the query mode. "reboot" - reboot. "exit" - boot with with existing values. "diag" - enter the diag shell. "reset" - reset the bof and reboot. Press ENTER to begin, or 'flash' to enter firmware update...

#### Press Enter.

Software Location You must enter the URL of the TiMOS software. The location can be on a Compact Flash device, or on the network. Here are some examples cf1:/timos1.0R1 ftp://user:passwd@192.168.1.150/./timos1.0R1 tftp://192.168.1.150/./timos1.0R1 Software Image URL: Enter the software URL. (For example, cf1:/both.tim)

#### At prompt above enter the location of the image. When the device ships from the

Enter the location of the configuration file. Or none since you are booting for the first time. You can skip all the remaining prompt that appear on the screen by pressing 'ENTER' until to get to the following prompt

```
New Settings
primary-image cfl\both.tim
primary-config cfl:\config.txt
#uplinkA Port Settings:
uplinkA-port 1/1/10
uplinkA-address 10.135.4.172/10
uplinkA-vlan 0
uplinkA-route 10.10.170.0/10 next-hop 10.135.4.1
#System Settings:
wait 3
persist off
console-speed 115200
Do you want to overwrite cfl:/bof.cfg with the new settings? (yes/no):
Type yes and press Enter. The 7210 SAS-M should boot now.
Primary image location: cf1:/both.tim
Loading image cfl:/both.tim
Version B-3.0.B5-85, Wed Apr 20 14:32:04 IST 2011 by builder in /builder/
3.0B5/panos/main
text:(25059814-->122242456) + data:(3179598-->18748616)
Executing TiMOS image at 0x100000
```

After the 7210 SAS-M boots up, you should see the following prompt:

```
All rights reserved. All use subject to applicable license agreements.
Built on Wed Apr 20 14:32:04 IST 2011 by builder in /builder/3.0B5/panos/
main
Login:
```



**Note:** The SYS LED will be Green when the device has successfully completed the boot process and is running normally.

The default username and password are admin. Log into the 7210 SAS-M. To establish either console connection or Telnet connection to the router after successful boot, please see Establishing Router Connections on page 65.

### Booting a 7210 SAS-M From the Network

There are several ways to boot the 7210 SAS-M from the network. User has options to use one of the front panel ports (refered to as uplinkA and uplinkB in the display output shown below) or the out-of-band ethernet management port (refered to as eth-mgmt port in the display output shown below) to boot the 7210 SAS-M from the network. By default, the out-of-band ethernet management port is disabled. User needs to enable it before using it for manual boot. The example below shows how this can be done. The example described below shows how to boot the 7210 SAS using FTP servers and the manual boot process. For more information about booting your 7210 SAS, please refer to the System Basics Guide. Figure 13 shows the network diagram used in

the example below. Additionally, you may want to store the TiMOS image on the internal flash if you want to boot from the flash later.

You will need the following:

- A FTP server
- TiMOS image
- A PC with a serial port and Hyperterminal
- Cable that connects the console port of 7210 SAS-M to the serial port of PC
- A network cable to connect the 7210 unit to the network

Prepare the set up as shown in the diagram above. Ensure that the console settings are set as shown in Console Connection on page 65.

When you are done, power on the 7210 SAS-M.

Using the uplink port to boot 7210 from the network:

Resetting...OK Ø Alcatel-Lucent 7210 Boot ROM. Copyright 2000-2009 Alcatel-Lucent. All rights reserved. All use is subject to applicable license agreements. Running POST tests from ROM Testing ROM load area...done Relocating code...Jumping to RAM Performing second stage RAM test....passed Board Serial Number is 'SN12345678' Bootlog started for Version V-1.0.R1 Build V-1.0.R1 bootrom/mpc 7xxx Built on Thu Jan 15 14:55:59 IST 2009 by builder in /builder/ws/panos/main

Since the router does not ship with a BOF, it will show the default settings.

Looking for cfl:/bof.cfg ... not found Could not find bof.cfg on any of the local drives.

#### Default Settings:

```
Contents of Boot Options File on cf1:

#eth-mgmt Port Settings:

eth-mgmt-disabled

#uplinkA Port Settings:

uplinkA-port 1/1/1

uplinkA-address 0
```

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```
uplinkA-vlan 0
#uplinkB Port Settings:
    uplinkB-port 1/1/2
    uplinkB-address 0
    uplinkB-vlan 0
#System Settings:
    wait 3
    persist off
    console-speed 115200
Hit a key within 2 seconds to change boot parameters...
```

Press any key.

Enter password to edit the Boot Options File Or CTRL-D to exit the prompt  $% \left( {\left( {{{\rm{TT}}} \right)_{\rm{TT}}} \right)_{\rm{TT}} \right)$ 

Password:

The default password is password.

```
You must supply some required Boot Options. At any prompt, you can type:
    "restart" - restart the query mode.
    "reboot" - reboot.
    "exit" - boot with with existing values.
    "reset" - reset the bof and reboot.
Press ENTER to begin, or 'flash' to enter firmware update...
```



**Note:** The restart command can be used at any time to start off at the beginning of the menu options.

#### Press Enter.

```
Software Location
------
You must enter the URL of the TiMOS software.
The location can be on a Compact Flash device,
or on the network.
Here are some examples
cfl:/timos1.1R1
ftp://user:passwd@192.168.1.150/./timos1.1R1
tftp://192.168.1.150/./timos1.1R1Software Image URL:
```

```
Enter the software URL. (For example, ftp://<user>:password>@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim)
```

```
Configuration File Location

You must enter the location of configuration

file to be used by TiMOS. The file can be on

a Compact Flash device, or on the network.

Here are some examples

cfl:/config.cfg

ftp://user:passwd@192.168.1.150/./config.cfg

tftp://192.168.1.150/./config.cfg

No existing Config URL

Press Enter, or type 'none' for no Config URL.

Config File URL:
```

Enter the location of the configuration file or none since you are booting for the first time.

```
Boot Interface Management
 ------
You specified a network location for either the
software or the configuration file. You need to,
configure either uplinkA or uplinkB ports.
You will be asked to configure the port number, IP address,
static routes, and VLAN Id for uplink ports.
uplinkA Port Setting
_____
Existing uplinkA port settings are:
uplinkA-port 1/1/1
uplinkA-address 0
uplinkA-vlan
               0
uplinkA port is configured for Boot Interface Management,
Press Enter to proceed with existing port settings
Or "disable" to disable the port for Boot Interface Management
Or "edit" to change the port settings:
Type edit.
Existing uplinkA port for Boot Interface Management is port 1/1/1.
Press Enter to keep it.
Enter the new uplinkA port number for Boot Interface Management:
```

Enter the port that it connected to the network (for example, 1/1/24).

You need to assign an IP address for this port. The IP address should be entered in standard dotted decimal form with a network length. example: 192.168.1.169/24 Or type "0" to obtain IP address and static route through DHCP. Existing IP address and static routes will be deleted. uplinkA port is configured to obtain IP address and static route through dhcp. Press Enter to keep it. Enter uplinkA port IP Address:

Enter the IP address and mask that the device should use (for example, 10.135.4.172/24).

Since the FTP server is on a different subnet, you will have to enter IP routing information:

You specified network locations which might require static routes to reach. You will be asked to enter static routes until all the locations become reachable. Static routes should be entered in the following format: prefix/mask next-hop ip-address example: 192.168.0.0/16 next-hop 192.168.1.254 Would you like to add a static route? (yes/no)

Type yes and press Enter.

Enter route:

Enter a static route to the FTP server's subnet (for example, 10.10.170.0/24 next-hop 10.135.4.1) at the prompt.

You need to configure the VLAN Id for this port VLAN Id can be between 0 to 4094. To send out packets with out any VLAN tags, type "null". Existing VLAN Id for uplinkA port is VLAN Id 0. Press Enter to keep it.

Enter the new VLAN Id for uplinkA port:

Press Enter if you want to send out untagged packets. Else, enter the VLAN tag.

 Enter disable since we do not want the backup link.

#### Press Enter.

Do you want to overwrite cfl:/bof.cfg with the new settings? (yes/no):

#### Type yes and press Enter.

The 7210 SAS-M should boot now.

```
Primary image location: ftp://*:*@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim
Initializing uplinkA port using IP addr 10.135.4.172.
Loading image ftp://*:*@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim
Version B-1.1.private, Wed Jul 15 17:18:37 IST 2009 by builder in /builder/ws/1.1B1/
main
text:(17446113-->76798004) + data:(2100172-->10874132)
Executing TiMOS image at 0x100000
```

After the 7210 SAS-M boots up, you should see the following prompt:

All rights reserved. All use subject to applicable license agreements. Built on Wed Jul 15 17:18:37 IST 2009 by builder in /builder/ws/1.1B1/sultan Login:

The default username and password are admin. Use it to log into the 7210 SAS-M.



**Note:** The status LED will be Green when the device has successfully completed the boot process and is running normally. It is highly recommended that you change the default admin password to prevent unauthorized access to the node.

→

# Using the Out-of-Band Ethernet Management port to boot 7210 from the nework:

**Note:** Use of this feature requires an upgrade of the bootloader software, to a version in which support for Out-of-Band Management port is available. Please check the release notes for more information.

Follow the same procedure as used for a uplink port until the following prompt is displayed. Use the following procedure to use the out-of-band ethernet management port to boot 7210 from the network.

```
eth-mgmt Port Setting
------
The eth-mgmt port is disabled for Boot Interface Management Press ENTER to proceed with
no eth-mgmt port settings. Or "enable" to enable the port for Boot Interface Manage-
ment: enable
```

At the above prompt enter 'enable' as shown to enable the use of out-of-band ethernet management port for boot.

```
You need to assign an IP address for this port.
The IP address should be entered in standard
dotted decimal form with a network length.
example: 192.168.1.169/24
Enter eth-mgmt IP Address :
```

Enter the IP address and mask that the device should use (for example, 10.135.4.172/24).

Since the FTP server is on a different subnet, you will have to enter IP routing information using the Out-of-Band Ethernet Management port to boot 7210 from the nework.

```
Network Configuration
  _____
Boot Interface Management
_____
You specified a network location for either the
software or the configuration file. You need to
configure either eth-mgmt or uplinkA or uplinkB ports.
You will be asked to configure the port number, IP address,
static routes, and VLAN Id in case of uplink ports.
You specified network locations which might require
static routes to reach. You will be asked to
enter static routes until all the locations become
reachable.
Static routes should be entered in the following format:
prefix/mask next-hop ip-address
          192.168.0.0/16 next-hop 192.168.1.254
example:
Would you like to add a static route? (yes/no) yes
```

Enter ip route:

Enter a static route to the FTP server's subnet (for example, 10.10.170.0/24 next-hop 10.135.4.1) at the prompt.

The device then prompts the user to configure the uplinkA and uplinkB port. Since we intend to use the ethernet management port at the following prompts disable the use of uplink ports as shown below.

```
uplinkA Port Setting
  _____
Existing uplinkA port settings are:
uplinkA-port 1/1/1
uplinkA-address 0
uplinkA-vlan 0
uplinkA port is configured for Boot Interface Management,
Press ENTER to proceed with existing port settings
Or "disable" to disable the port for Boot Interface Management
Or "edit" to change the port settings:
uplinkB Port Setting
  _____
Existing uplinkB port settings are:
                1/1/2
uplinkB-port
uplinkB-address 0
uplinkB-vlan 0
uplinkB port is configured for Boot Interface Management,
Press ENTER to proceed with existing port settings
Or "disable" to disable the port for Boot Interface Management
Or "edit" to change the port settings:
uplinkB port will be disabled for Boot Interface Management
New Settings
_____
primary-image
                  ftp://*:*@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim
#eth-mgmt Port Settings:
no eth-mgmt-disabled
eth-mgmt-address 10.135.25.97/24
eth-mgmt-route10.135.0.0/16 next-hop 10.135.25.1eth-mgmt-route135.254.0.0/16 next-hop 10.135.25.1
eth-mgmt-autoneg
eth-mgmt-duplex full
eth-mgmt-speed 100
#System Settings:
wait
                  3
persist off
console-speed 115200
```

Do you want to overwrite cfl:/bof.cfg with the new settings? (yes/no): yes

Type yes and press Enter.

The 7210 SAS-M should boot now.

Successfully saved the new settings in cfl:/bof.cfg Configuring Network with eth-mgmt Port Setting..... No existing config file URL Primary image location: ftp://\*:\*@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim Loading image ftp://\*:\*@10.10.170.22/./images/stu-hw/both.tim Version B-2.0.B1-57, Tue Jul 13 23:24:58 IST 2010 by builder in /builder/2.0B1/panos/ main text:(24285906-->114984824) + data:(2989128-->18305224) Executing TiMOS image at 0x100000 .......

After the 7210 SAS-M boots up, you should see the following prompt:

All rights reserved. All use subject to applicable license agreements. Built on Tue Jul 13 23:24:58 IST 2010 by builder in /builder/2.0B1/panos/main Login:

The default username and password are admin. Use it to log into the device.

Note: The status LED will be Green when the device has successfully completed the boot process and is running normally. It is highly recommended that you change the default admin password to prevent unauthorized access to the node.

### Downloading the TiMOS Software to the Internal Flash

If you want to boot the 7210 SAS-M from the internal flash, you will have to copy the image there.

If you have used the uplinkA or uplinkB port to boot the 7210, use any of the network ports for IP connectivity and follow the procedure given below to configure an IP interface and a route.

If you have used the out-of-band ethernet management port, then you do not need to configure the IP interface. Instead jump to the step "Check IP connectivity" below and continue from there.

Change the mode of the connected port to network.

A:SN12# configure port 1/1/24 A:SN12>config>port# A:SN12>config>port# ethernet mode network A:SN12>config>port# no shutdown A:SN12>config>port# exit

#### Configure an IP interface:

```
A:SN12# configure router
A:SN12>config>router# info
interface "in-band-mgmt" create
address 10.135.4.172/24
port 1/1/24
exit
```

A:SN12>config>router#

#### Configure a route to the FTP server.

```
A:SN12#configure router
A:SN12>config>router#
A:SN12>config>router# static-route 10.10.170.0/24 next-hop 10.135.4.1
A:SN12>config>router#
```

#### Check IP connectivity:

```
A:SN12# ping 10.10.170.22 source 10.135.4.172

PING 10.10.170.22 56 data bytes

64 bytes from 10.10.170.22: icmp_seq=1 ttl=251 time<1ms.

64 bytes from 10.10.170.22: icmp_seq=2 ttl=251 time<1ms.

64 bytes from 10.10.170.22: icmp_seq=3 ttl=251 time<1ms.

64 bytes from 10.10.170.22: icmp_seq=4 ttl=251 time<1ms.

64 bytes from 10.10.170.22: icmp_seq=5 ttl=251 time<1ms.

70.10.170.22 PING Statistics -----

5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0.00% packet loss

round-trip min < 1ms, avg < 1ms, max < 1ms, stddev < 1ms

A:SN12#
```

#### Initializing the System and Downloading Software

Configure the primary-config in the BOF and save the config:

```
A:SN12# bof primary-config cfl:/config.txt
*A:SN12# bof save
Writing BOF to cfl:/bof.cfg
Saving BOF .... Completed.
A:SN12# admin save
Writing file to cfl:\config.txt
Saving configuration .... Completed.
A:SN12#
```

Copy the TiMOS image from the FTP server to the flash:/

```
A:SN12# system security source-address application ftp in-band-mgmt
A:SN12# file copy ftp://<user>:<passwd>@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim cfl:/both.tim
Copying file ftp://<user>:<passwd>@10.10.170.22/./images/both.tim...
1 file copied.
A:SN12#
```

Configure the BOF to pick up the image from internal flash:

```
A:SN12# bof primary-image cfl:/both.tim
*A:SN12# bof save
Writing BOF to cfl:/bof.cfg
Saving BOF .... Completed.
A:SN12#
```

Reboot the 7210 SAS-M. The device will pick up both the image and the configuration from the internal flash.

# **Establishing Router Connections**

Access your newly installed switch two ways:

- Console Connection on page 65
- Telnet Connection on page 66

## **Console Connection**

To establish a console connection, you will need the following:

- An ASCII terminal or a PC running terminal emulation software set to the parameters shown in the table below
- The included RJ-45 serial cable

#### Table 13: Console Configuration Parameter Values

| Value   |
|---------|
| 115,200 |
| 8       |
| None    |
| 1       |
| None    |
|         |

To establish a console connection:

- **Step 1** Connect the terminal to the console port on the front panel using the serial cable.
- **Step 2** Power on the terminal.
- **Step 3** Establish the connection by pressing the **Enter** key a few times on your terminal keyboard.
- **Step 4** At the router prompt, enter the login and password. The default login is admin.

The default password is admin.

# **Telnet Connection**

To access the router after a successful initialization with a Telnet connection from a PC or a workstation, configure an in-band management interface using the Timos CLI. You can configure an in-band management interface by configuring an IP interface on one of the ports configured in network mode.

The following is a sample configuration for configuring an in-band management IP interface:

```
*A:7210SAS>config>router>info
interface "in-band-mgmt" create
address 10.10.10.25/24
port 1/1/24
exit
*A:7210SAS>config>router>
```

Telnet access provides the same options for user and administrator access as those available through the console port.

To configure the 7210 SAS-M for Telnet access, you must have a device with Telnet client software. The 7210 SAS-M must have a management IP interface configured with an IP address. Before using the telnet client access you must enable telnet server on the 7210 by using the CLI command:

\*A: 7210SAS# configure system security telnet-server.

Each 7210 SAS-M is limited to a total of seven inbound/outbound Telnet or SSH sessions to guarantee that either inbound or outbound sessions will be available.

MAC addresses are listed on a small label on the chassis. The MAC address also displays in the **show router arp** command output.

# **Running Telnet**

Once the IP parameters are configured, you can access the CLI command line with a Telnet connection. To establish a Telnet connection, run a Telnet program and issue the Telnet command, followed by the IP address:

The following displays an example of a Telnet login:

C:\>telnet 10.10.10.25 Login: admin Password: ########

ALA-1#

Establishing Router Connections

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# Troubleshooting

This chapter describes troubleshooting methods and procedures and includes the following sections:

- Diagnosing Switch Indicators on page 70
- Power and Cooling Problems on page 71
- Installation on page 72
- In-Band Access on page 73

# **Diagnosing Switch Indicators**

This switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators to identify problems. Table 14 describes common problems you may encounter and possible solutions.

### Table 14: Troubleshooting

| Symptom                                     | Possible Cause   | Action   |
|---|--|--|
| Power Module LED is<br>OFF +12 VDC or AC    | Power outlet, power cord, or<br>power module may be defective.                 | <ul> <li>If using a DC power supply module, check the connections between the switch and the external DC power supply. If using an AC power module, check connections between the switch, the power cord, and the wall outlet.</li> <li>Contact your dealer for assistance.</li> </ul>   |
| Power Module LED is<br>OFF +12 VDC          | Power module may be defective.   | • Internal power supply has failed. Contact your local dealer for assistance.  |
| Critical LED is RED                         | Critical alarm detected.   | • One or more critical system alarm(s) have occurred.  |
| Major LED is RED                            | Major alarm detected.  | • One or more major system alarm(s) have occurred.   |
| Fan LED is RED                              | Fan failure.   | • One or more fans in the fan tray have failed.<br>Replace the fan tray.   |
| Status LED is Off or<br>AMBER               | Boot-up diagnostic program has detected a problem.                             | <ul><li>Power cycle the switch to try and clear the condition.</li><li>If the condition does not clear, contact your local dealer for assistance.</li></ul>  |
| Link LED is Off<br>Management LED is<br>OFF | Network cable or Ethernet device<br>attached to this port may be<br>defective. | <ul> <li>Verify that the switch and attached device are powered on.</li> <li>Be sure the cable is plugged into both the switch and corresponding device.</li> <li>Verify that the proper cable type is used and its length does not exceed specified limits.</li> <li>Check the adapter on the attached device and cable connections for possible defects. Replace the defective adapter or cable if necessary.</li> </ul> |

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# **Power and Cooling Problems**

If the power indicator does not turn on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with your power outlet, power cord, or internal power supply. However, if the unit powers off after running for a while, check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at the power outlet, and verify that the fans on the unit are unobstructed and running prior to shutdown.

# Installation

Verify that all system components have been properly installed. If one or more components appear to be malfunctioning (such as the power cord or network cabling), test them in an alternate environment where you are sure that all the other components are functioning properly.
## **In-Band Access**

You can access the management agent in the switch from anywhere within the attached network using Telnet or network management software tools. However, you must first configure the switch with a valid IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

If you have trouble establishing a link to the management agent, check to see if you have a valid network connection. Then verify that you entered the correct IP address. Also, be sure the port through which you are connecting to the switch has not been disabled. If it has not been disabled, then check the network cabling that runs between your remote location and the switch.

| → |
|---|
|---|

#### NOTE:

The management agent can accept up to seven simultaneous Telnet sessions. If the maximum number of sessions already exists, an additional Telnet connection will not be able to log into the system.

In-Band Access

# **Appendix A: Specifications**

This appendix provides system specifications and includes the following sections:

• Specifications on page 76

# **Specifications**

#### Table 15: 7210 SAS-M Specifications

| ltem  | Width                                 | Height                       | Depth                          |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Physical dimensions   |                                       |                              |                                |
| Size  | 17.17" (43.6 cm)                      | 2.64" (1.5RU) (6.7 cm)       | 9.96" (25.3 cm)                |
| Weight  | 11 lbs. (5 kg)                        |                              |                                |
| Environmental   |                                       |                              |                                |
| Operating Temperature For non-ETR variant: 0° C to 50° C<br>68-2-14 |                                       | 0° C to 50° C (-32° F to 122 | <sup>9</sup> F) (standard) IEC |
|   | For ETR variant: -40°<br>68-2-14      | C to 65° C (-49° F to 149° F | F) (standard) IEC              |
| Humidity  | 5% to 95% non-condensing              |                              |                                |
| Vibration   | IEC 68-2-36, IEC 68-2-6               |                              |                                |
| Shock   | IEC 68-2-29                           |                              |                                |
| Drop  | IEC 68-2-32                           |                              |                                |
| Telcordia NEBS  | Design to meet NEBS level 3           |                              |                                |
| Input   |                                       |                              |                                |
| Input voltage   | -36VDC ~ -72VDC, 0                    | Output: +12VDC               |                                |
|   | +20VDC ~ +28VDC,                      | Output: +12VDC               |                                |
|   | 100~240 V, 50~60 Hz                   | z, Output: +12VDC            |                                |
|   | Dual input power redu                 | indancy, with current sharin | g and hot-swap.                |
| Maximum power consumption   | 200 W                                 |                              |                                |
| Typical power consumption   | 80-100 W (depending on configuration) |                              |                                |

Safety, EMC and Immunity

| Item     | Width                                     | Height                   | Depth |
|----------|---|--------------------------|-------|
| Safety   | CSA/NRTL (UL60950-1, CSA 22.2.No 60950-1) |                          | )     |
|          | CB  |                          |       |
| EMC      | Europe CE Mark:                           |                          |       |
|          | EN50081-1: EN55022 (                      | Class A                  |       |
|          | EN60555-2/3                               |                          |       |
|          | North America:                            |                          |       |
|          | FCC 47 CFR Part 15 C                      | lass A                   |       |
|          | ICES-003 Issue 4 Class                    | A (Canada)               |       |
|          | Japan: VCCI CISPR 22                      | Class A                  |       |
|          | Australia/New-Zeeland                     | : C-Tick, CISPR 22 Class | A     |
| Immunity | EN50082-1, EN/IEC 6                       | 1000-4-2/3/4/6/11        |       |

#### Table 15: 7210 SAS-M Specifications (Continued)

### **Japan VCCI Class A Declaration**

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may arise. When such trouble occurs, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

### **RoHS and WEEE**

Comply with European RoHS and WEEE requirements.

Comply with the Chinese RoHS legislations.

Specifications

# **Appendix B: Pin Assignments**

This appendix contains pin assignments and includes the following sections:

- Management Port Pin Assignments on page 80
- Console Port Pin Assignment on page 81

## **Management Port Pin Assignments**

Use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shielded twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections and 100-ohm Category 3, 4, or 5 cable for 10 Mbps connections or 100-ohm Category 5 cable for 100 Mbps connections. Make sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

The RJ-45 ports on the switch base unit support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, so you can use straight-through cables for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. In straight-through cable, pins 1, 2, 3, and 6, at one end of the cable, are connected straight through to pins 1, 2, 3, and 6 at the other end of the cable. When using any RJ-45 port on these switches, you can use either straight-through or crossover cable.

| Pin        | MDI Signal Name           | MDI-X Signal Name         |
|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1          | Transmit Data plus (TD+)  | Receive Data plus (RD+)   |
| 2          | Transmit Data minus (TD-) | Receive Data minus (RD-)  |
| 3          | Receive Data plus (RD+)   | Transmit Data plus (TD+)  |
| 6          | Receive Data minus (RD-)  | Transmit Data minus (TD-) |
| 4, 5, 7, 8 | Not used                  | Not used                  |

Table 16: 10/100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X Port Pinouts



#### NOTE:

- The "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.
- Auto-negotiation must be enabled for automatic MDI/MDI-X pinout configuration.

# **Console Port Pin Assignment**

The RJ-45 serial port on the front panel is used to connect to the switch for out-ofband console configuration. The on-board configuration program can be accessed from a terminal or a PC running a terminal emulation program.

The pin assignments used to connect to the serial port are provided in Table 17.

| RJ45 | Pin | Usage                                |
|------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| RTS  | 1   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| NC   | 2   | Not used. Should not be connected    |
| TXD  | 3   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| GND  | 4   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| GND  | 5   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| RXD  | 6   | Used as defined. Should be connected |
| NC   | 7   | Not used. Should not be connected    |
| CTS  | 8   | Used as defined. Should be connected |

#### Table 17: Serial Cable Wiring

Console Port Pin Assignment

# Appendix C: Alarm Pin Assignments

This appendix contains pin assignments and includes the following sections:

• Alarm Port Pin Assignments on page 84

## **Alarm Port Pin Assignments**

The alarm interface port is a D-type 15-pin connector that supports a critical alarm output, a major alarm output, and four alarm inputs. When your system has a critical or major alarm, the CPU will drive the alarm relay to issue the alarm output and turn on the critical or major LED. If you push the alarm cut off (ACO) button, the relay will be released but the LED will stay on until the alarm is cleared.



Figure 16: DB-15 Alarm Connector

The system signals the appropriate alarm output for the following events:

- Fan failure Critical alarm is raised.
- One Power Supply Failure Critical alarm is raised. The critical alarm is cleared and a major alarm is raised if the failed power supply is removed).
- Chassis temperature threshold exceeded Major alarm is raised.

The system also supports four alarm inputs. The input voltage range is from 24V to 48V. If an alarm input is active, the CPU will process it, output it to the CLI, and issue an SNMP trap. An alarm input can also be configured to drive the appropriate alarm output pin. Please refer the System Basics user guide for more details on configuring the alarm inputs.

See Table 18 for the alarm interface port pinouts.

#### **Table 18: Alarm Interface Port Pinouts**

| Pin | Name            | Function                                   |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1   | CRIT_ALARM_CNTR | Common contact for Critical alarm relay.   |
| 2   | CRIT_ALARM_NO   | Normally open during Critical alarm state. |
| 3   | MJR_ALARM_NC    | Normally closed during Major alarm state.  |
| 4   | N/C             | N/C  |

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| Pin | Name              | Function  |
|-----|-------------------|---|
| 5   | ALARM_IN4_EXT_+   | External alarm input 4 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 12).  |
| 6   | ALARM_IN3_EXT_+   | External alarm input 3 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 13).  |
| 7   | ALARM_IN2_EXT_+   | External alarm input 2 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 14).  |
| 8   | ALARM_IN1_EXT_+   | External alarm input 1 (external relay dry contact closure to pin 15).  |
| 9   | CRIT_ALARM_NC     | Normally closed during Critical alarm state.                            |
| 10  | MJR_ALARM_CNTR    | Common contact for Major alarm relay.                                   |
| 11  | MJR_ALARM_NO      | Normally open during Major alarm state.                                 |
| 12  | ALARM_IN4_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 4 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 5). |
| 13  | ALARM_IN3_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 3 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 6). |
| 14  | ALARM_IN2_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 2 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 7). |
| 15  | ALARM_IN1_EXT_RTN | External alarm input 1 (external relay dry contact closure from pin 8). |

#### Table 18: Alarm Interface Port Pinouts



Figure 17: Alarm Input Connection Diagram

RTN refers to the negative side of the floating external power supply. This power supply must not be connected to chassis ground and should be 18-50 volts DC at 100 ma.

Major and Critical alarm dry relay contact outputs are provided on pins 3,10,11 and 1,2,9. These reflect the major and critical alarms output by the box and can be manually cleared by pressing the ACO button.

The 4 alarm inputs are customer configurable to monitor alarms provided by additional equipment. These inputs require a separate DC power supply between 18-

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50 volts at 100ma. The power supply outputs must be isolated from chassis ground, for example do not connect the alarm power supply return to chassis or rack ground.

Alarm Port Pin Assignments

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