

# Configuring VSM and CCAG with CLI

This section provides information to configure cards, MDAs, and ports.

Topics in this section include:

- [Configuring VSM and CCAG with CLI on page 27](#)
- [Basic Configuration on page 28](#)
- [Common Configuration Tasks on page 31](#)
- [Service Management Tasks on page 41](#)

# Basic Configuration

The following fields require specific input (there are no defaults) to configure VSM:

- CCAG ID
- For a local service, two SAPs must be configured specifying the source and destination nodes and ports
- For a distributed service, one SAP and one SDP must be specified

The following example displays VSM defaults when a *ccag-id* is created.

```
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# info detail
-----
echo "Versatile Services Module Configuration"
-----
vsm
    ccag 1 create
        no description
        cca-rate max
        access
            adapt-qos distribute
        exit
    path a
        weight 50
        rate max aggregate
    sap-sap
        no mac
        no mtu
        egress
            pool
                resv-cbs default
                slope-policy "default"
            exit
        exit
        ingress
            pool
                resv-cbs default
                slope-policy "default"
            exit
        exit
    exit
    sap-net
        no mac
        no mtu
        egress
            pool
                resv-cbs default
                slope-policy "default"
            exit
        exit
        ingress
            pool
                resv-cbs default
                slope-policy "default"
            exit
        exit
    exit
```

```
net-sap
    no mac
    no mtu
    no accounting-policy
    no collect-stats
    queue-policy "default"
    egress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
    exit
path b
    weight 50
    rate max aggregate
sap-sap
    no mac
    no mtu
    egress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
    ingress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
sap-net
    no mac
    no mtu
    egress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
    ingress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
exit
net-sap
    no mac
    no mtu
    no accounting-policy
    no collect-stats
    queue-policy "default"
    egress
        pool
            resv-cbs default
            slope-policy "default"
        exit
    exit
```

## Basic Configuration

```
        exit
        exit
        no shutdown
    exit
exit
-----
A:ALA-48>config>vsm#
```

## Common Configuration Tasks

This section provides a brief overview of the tasks that should be performed to configure VSM on an MDA, router, router interface, and services.

- Provision one or more CCA as MDAs in the system.
- Create VSM CCAGs on the system.
- Provision CCAG path bandwidth, path weighting, and overall bandwidth parameters.
- Provision member CCAs into a CCAG.
- Provision service SAPs using a CCAG, path, and CCID for cross connect purposes.
- Bind routed network IP interfaces to a CCAG, path, and CCID for cross connect purposes.

---

## Configure VSM CCAG Components

Use the CLI syntax displayed below to configure the following entities:

- Provision VSM on an MDA on page 31
- Cross Connecting Network IP Interfaces on page 36
- Provision CCAG Parameters on page 33
- Configure Path Components on page 34
- Cross Connecting Services on page 37

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## Provision VSM on an MDA

Before a CCA module may be utilized in the system, the CCA must be provisioned into an MDA slot. The MDA provisioning command must be modified to support provisioning a CCA adaptor type. Up to 8 member CCAs can be configured per CCAG.

**CLI Syntax:** config>card# mda *mda-number* *mda-type* {other-MDA-type|cca}

The following example displays the command usage to provision CCA on an MDA:

**Example:** config# card 10  
config>card# mda 1  
config>card>mda# mda-type vsm-cca  
config>card>mda# exit  
config>card#

## Configure VSM CCAG Components

The following example displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>card# info
-----
  card-type iom-20g
  mda 1
    mda-type vsm-cca
  exit
  mda 2
    mda-type m20-1gb-tx
  exit
-----
A:ALA-48>config>card#
```

## Provision CCAG Parameters

Once a CCA is provisioned into the system, it must be placed in a Cross Connect Aggregation Group (CCAG) to be used by cross connect objects. Besides CCA membership, the CCAG also supports bandwidth control parameters (see [Configure Path Components on page 34](#)) used to manipulate forwarding distribution between objects in the alpha and beta path groups and the aggregate rate allowed on the CCA.

Use the following CLI syntax to provision CCAG components.

**CLI Syntax:** config>vsm#  
    ccag *ccag-id* [create]  
    cca-rate *kilobits-per-second*  
    description *description-string*  
    member-cca *card-slot/mda-number*  
    path {a|b}  
    no shutdown

The following example displays the command usage to provision CCAG components:

**Example:** config>vsm# ccag 1  
         config>vsm>ccag# description "VSM test"  
         config>vsm>ccag# cca-rate 1000000  
         config>vsm>ccag# member-cca 10/1

The following example displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# info
-----
      ccag 1 create
          description "VSM test"
          cca-rate 1000000
          member-cca 10/1
      exit
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>vsm#
```

## Configure Path Components

Each CCA is divided into two distinct paths for bandwidth management purposes. One path is identified as alpha (a) and the other beta (b). The significance of each path for bandwidth distribution is dependent on the relative path weights each path is given in relationship to the other. A maximum path rate may also be defined allowing the provisioning of a maximum cap on the aggregate bandwidth allowed to the SAP or IP interface queues associated with the path.

Each path is separated into three other contexts; SAP-2-SAP (sap-sap), SAP-2-Net (sap-net) and Net-2-SAP (net-sap). Each path context allows for the definition of the features that are usually associated with physical ports on other MDAs in the system. These include buffer pool management, ingress network queue definitions and accounting policy control.

Use the following CLI syntax to provision path components.

- Net SAP
- SAP net
- SAP SAP

---

Use the following CLI syntax to provision CCAG path components.

**CLI Syntax:** config>vsm>ccag#  
path {a|b}  
    net-sap  
        accounting-policy *policy-id*  
        collect-stats  
        egress  
        pool  
            resv-cbs *percent-or-default*  
            slope-policy *slope-policy-name*  
        mac *ieee-address*  
        mtu *mtu-bytes*  
        queue-policy *queue-policy-name*  
        rate *kilo-bits-per-second* [aggregate|cca]  
    sap-net  
        egress  
        pool  
            resv-cbs *percent-or-default*  
            slope-policy *slope-policy-name*  
    ingress  
        pool  
            resv-cbs *percent-or-default*  
            slope-policy *slope-policy-name*  
        mac *ieee-address*  
        mtu *mtu-bytes*  
    sap-sap

```
egress
  pool
    resv-cbs percent-or-default
    slope-policy slope-policy-name
ingress
  pool
    resv-cbs percent-or-default
    slope-policy slope-policy-name
  mac ieee-address
  mtu mtu-bytes
  weight path-weight
```

The following displays a CCAG path configuration example:

```
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# info
-----
ccag 1 create
  description "VSM test"
  member-cca 10/1
  path a
    weight 100
  exit
  path b
    weight 100
    rate 99999999
  exit
  no shutdown
exit
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>vsm#
```

## Cross Connecting Network IP Interfaces

To support cross connection between services and network IP interfaces, the network interface port command has been augmented to allow the binding of the IP interface to a **ccag cc-id**. Similar to service CCAG SAPs, the network IP interface port binding command must reference the ccag-id, the CCA path (.a or .b) and the *cc-id* used by the service CCAG SAP on the other CCA path.

Use the following CLI syntax to configure CCAG a network IP interface.

```
CLI Syntax: config# router [router-name]
               interface interface-name
                     port ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.net-sap]:cc-id
                     address {ip-address/mask | ip-address netmask} [broadcast
                           all-ones|host-ones]
                     mac ieee-address
```

The following displays CCAG network IP interface configuration examples:

```
A:ALA-48>config>router# info
-----
echo "IP Configuration"
-----
...
      interface "ccanet"
        address 2.1.1.1/24
        port ccag-1.a.net-sap:200
        mac 00:00:00:00:00:ff
      exit
      interface "ccanet2"
        address 4.1.1.1/24
        port ccag-1.b.net-sap:300
        static-arp 4.1.1.2 00:00:00:00:00:aa
      exit
...
#
A:ALA-48>config>router#
```

## Cross Connecting Services

Services are provisioned onto a CCAG using a special CCAG SAP definition. CCAG SAPs must reference a *ccag-id*, a CCA path (a or b), a pairing type (sap-sap or sap-net) and a unique *cc-id*. The *ccag-id* identifies the group of CCAs that will be used for forwarding packets associated with the SAP. The path identifies the bandwidth control grouping used to manage CCA egress bandwidth. The pairing type helps the system identify which buffering resources will be used to manage egress queuing of packets. Finally, the *cc-id* is used to explicitly cross connect the SAP to another SAP or network IP interface configured with the same *cc-id*.

- [Epipe on page 37](#)
  - [VPLS on page 38](#)
  - [IES on page 39](#)
  - [VPRN on page 40](#)
- 

### Epipe

**CLI Syntax:** config>service#

```
epipe service-id [customer customer-id]
    sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id [create]
```

The following displays an Epipe SAP configuration referencing a *ccag-id*:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service# info
-----
...
    epipe 103 customer 6 vpn 103 create
        sap 3/1/1.1.1 create
        exit
        sap ccag-1.a:100 create
        exit
        no shutdown
    exit
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service#
```

## Configure VSM CCAG Components

### VPLS

```
CLI Syntax: config>service#
    vpls service-id [customer customer-id]
        sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id [create]
```

The following displays a VPLS SAP configuration referencing a *ccag-id*:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service# info
-----
...
    vpls 740 customer 1 vpn 740 create
        stp
            shutdown
        exit
        sap 1/1/19:1 create
        exit
        sap 1/1/19:2 create
            ingress
                qos 3
            exit
        exit
        sap ccag-1.a:456 create
            ingress
                qos 3
            exit
            egress
                qos 1010
            exit
        exit
        no shutdown
    exit
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service#
```

**IES**

**CLI Syntax:** config>service#  
    ies service-id [customer customer-id]  
        interface ip-interface-name  
            sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b}[.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id [cre-  
                ate]

The following displays an IES SAP configuration referencing a *ccag-id*:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service# info
-----
...
    ies 200 customer 1 create
        interface "ccairesif" create
            address 8.1.1.1/24
            sap ccag-1.b:456 create
                ingress
                    qos 3
                exit
                egress
                    qos 1010
                exit
            exit
            no shutdown
        exit
...
A:ALA-48>config>service#
```

## Configure VSM CCAG Components

**VPRN**

**CLI Syntax:** config>service#  
vprn service-id [customer customer-id]  
    interface ip-interface-name  
        sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b}[.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id [create]

**Example:**

```
config>service# vprn 701 customer 2 create
config>service>vprn$ interface "VSM Test" create
config>service>vprn>if$ sap ccag-2.a:100 create
config>service>vprn>if>sap$ no shutdown
config>service>vprn>if>sap# exit
config>service>vprn>if# exit
config>service>vprn# no shutdown
```

The following output displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service>vprn# info
-----
        interface "VSM Test" create
            sap ccag-2.a:100 create
            exit
        exit
        no shutdown
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service>vprn#
```

# Service Management Tasks

This section discusses the following service management tasks:

- Modifying or Deleting a VSM MDA on page 41
- Modifying CCAG Parameters on a Network IP Interface on page 42
- Modifying CCAG Parameters on page 43
- Modifying Path Parameters on page 44
- Modifying Service Parameters on page 46

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## Modifying or Deleting a VSM MDA

To change or delete a VSM MDA already provisioned for a specific slot, first you must shut down and remove all service SAP and router interface associations ([page 42](#)) to delete the VSM MDA from the configuration.

**CLI Syntax:** config> card *slot-number*  
                 [no] mda *mda-number*  
                 [no] mda-type *mda-type*  
                 shutdown

**Example:** config# card 10  
             config>card# mda 1  
             config>card>mda# mda-type vsm-cca  
             config>card>mda# shutdown  
             config>card>mda# exit  
             config>card# no mda 1

The following example displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>card# info
-----
      card-type iom-20g
      mda 2
          mda-type vsm-cca
      exit
-----
A:ALA-48>config>card#
```

## Modifying CCAG Parameters on a Network IP Interface

**CLI Syntax:** config# router [router-name]  
                  interface *interface-name*  
                  shutdown  
                  no port ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.net-sap]:cc-id

The following example displays the command usage:

**Example:**     config>router# interface ccanet  
                  config>router>if# address 3.1.1.1/24  
                  config>router>if# exit

```
A:ALA-48>config>router# info
-----
#-----
echo "IP Configuration"
#-----
...
interface "ccanet"
    address 3.1.1.1/24
    port ccag-1.a.net-sap:200
    mac 00:00:00:00:00:ff
exit
interface "ccanet2"
    address 4.1.1.1/24
    port ccag-1.b.net-sap:300
    static-arp 4.1.1.2 00:00:00:00:00:aa
exit
...
#-----
A:ALA-48>config>router#
```

## Modifying CCAG Parameters

**CLI Syntax:**

```
config>vsm#
    ccag ccag-id [create]
    no ccag ccag-id [force]
    access
        adapt-qos {link|distribute|port-fair}
        cca-rate kilobits-per-second
        no cca-rate
        description description-string
        no description
        [no] member-cca card-slot/mda-number
        path {a|b}
        no shutdown
```

The following example displays the command usage to provision CCAG components:

**Example:**

```
config>vsm# ccag 1
    config>vsm>ccag# access
    config>vsm>ccag>access#
    config>vsm>ccag>access# adapt-qos distribute
    config>vsm>ccag>access# exit
    config>vsm>ccag# member-cca 10/2
    config>vsm>ccag# exit
```

The following example displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# info
-----
    ccag 1 create
        description "VSM test"
        member-cca 10/1
        member-cca 10/2
        path a
            weight 100
        exit
        path b
            weight 100
            rate 99999999
        exit
        no shutdown
    exit

...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# ccag 1
```

## Modifying Path Parameters

The following example displays the command usage to provision CCAG path parameters:

```
Example:config>vsm# ccag 1
    config>vsm>ccag# path a
    config>vsm>ccag>path# no weight
    config>vsm>ccag>path# net-sap
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap# queue-policy nql
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap# egress
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap>egr# pool
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap>egr>pool# slope-policy A
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap>egr>pool# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap>egr# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path>net-sap# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path# exit
    config>vsm>ccag# path b
    config>vsm>ccag>path# no rate
    config>vsm>ccag>path# sap-sap
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap# egress
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap>egr# pool
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap>egr>pool#
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap>egr>pool# slope-policy B
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap>egr>pool# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap>egr# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path>sap-sap# exit
    config>vsm>ccag>path# exit
    config>vsm>ccag#
```

The following example displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>vsm# info
-----
ccag 1 create
    description "VSM test"
    member-cca 10/1
    member-cca 10/2
    path a
        net-sap
            queue-policy "nql"
            egress
                pool
                    slope-policy "A"
                exit
            exit
        exit
    exit
    path b
        weight 100
        sap-sap
            egress
                pool
```

```
        slope-policy "B"
    exit
exit
exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>vsm#
```

## Modifying Service Parameters

- [Epipe on page 46](#)
  - [VPLS on page 47](#)
  - [IES on page 48](#)
  - [VPRN on page 49](#)
- 

### Epipe

**CLI Syntax:** config>service#  
                  epipe service-id  
                  sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id  
                  no sap sap-id  
                  shutdown

The following service examples display the command usage to provision CCAG.

**Example:** config>service# epipe 103  
                  config>service>epipe# sap ccag-1.a:100  
                  config>service>epipe>sap# shutdown  
                  config>service>epipe>sap# exit  
                  config>service>epipe# no sap ccag-1.a:100  
                  config>service>epipe# sap ccag-1.b:200 create  
                  config>service>epipe>sap\$ no shutdown  
                  config>service>epipe>sap\$ exit  
                  config>service>epipe#

The following output displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service>epipe# info
-----
                  sap 3/1/1.1.1 create
                  exit
                  sap ccag-1.b:200 create
                  exit
                  no shutdown
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service>epipe#
```

**VPLS****CLI Syntax:** config>service#

```
vpls service-id [customer customer-id]
    sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b} [.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id
        no sap sap-id
    shutdown
```

**Example:**

```
config>service>vpls# sap ccag-1.a:456
config>service>vpls>sap# shutdown
config>service>vpls>sap# exit
config>service>vpls# no sap ccag-1.a:456
config>service>vpls# sap ccag-1.b:100 create
config>service>vpls>sap$ no shutdown
config>service>vpls>sap$ exit
config>service>vpls# sap ccag-1.a:100
config>service>vpls>sap# ingress
config>service>vpls>sap>ingress# qos 3
config>service>vpls>sap>ingress# exit
config>service>vpls>sap# egress
config>service>vpls>sap>egress# qos 1010
config>service>vpls>sap>egress# exit
config>service>vpls>sap# exit
```

```
A:ALA-48>config>service>vpls# info
-----
      stp
          shutdown
      exit
      sap 1/1/19:1 create
      exit
      sap 1/1/19:2 create
          ingress
              qos 3
          exit
      exit
      sap ccag-1.b:100 create
      exit
      no shutdown
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service>vpls#
```

## Modifying Service Parameters

**IES**

```
CLI Syntax: config>service#
    ies service-id [customer customer-id]
        interface ip-interface-name
            sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b}[.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id
            no sap sap-id
            shutdown
```

**Example:**

```
config>service# ies 200
config>service>ies# interface "ccanet6"
config>service>ies>if# sap ccag-1.a:101 create
config>service>ies>if>sap# ingress
config>service>ies>if>sap>ingress# qos 3
config>service>ies>if>sap>ingress# exit
config>service>ies>if>sap# egress
config>service>ies>if>sap>egress# qos 1010
config>service>ies>if>sap>egress# exit
config>service>ies>if>sap# no shutdown
config>service>ies>if>sap# exit
config>service>ies>if#
```

The following output displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service>ies# info
-----
    interface "ccainesif" create
        address 8.1.1.1/24
        sap ccag-1.b:456 create
            ingress
                qos 3
            exit
            egress
                qos 1010
            exit
        exit
    interface "ccanet6" create
        address 7.1.1.1/24
        sap ccag-1.a:101 create
            ingress
                qos 3
            exit
            egress
                qos 1010
            exit
        exit
    no shutdown
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service>ies#
```

**VPRN**

**CLI Syntax:** config>service#  
vprn service-id [customer customer-id]  
    interface ip-interface-name  
        sap ccag-ccag-id.{a|b}[.sap-net|.sap-sap]:cc-id  
        no sap sap-id  
    shutdown

On a VPRN service SAP:

**Example:** config>service# vprn 701  
config>service>vprn# interface "VSM-Test Config" create  
config>service>vprn>if\$ sap ccag-2.b:50 create  
config>service>vprn>if>sap\$ no shutdown  
config>service>vprn>if>sap\$ exit  
config>service>vprn>if# exit  
config>service>vprn#

The following output displays the configuration:

```
A:ALA-48>config>service>vprn# info
-----
        interface "VSM Test" create
            sap ccag-2.a:100 create
            exit
        exit
        interface "VSM-Test Config" create
            sap ccag-2.b:50 create
            exit
        exit
        no shutdown
-----
A:ALA-48>config>service>vprn#
```

## Modifying Service Parameters