

# Flexible Authentication Model in ESM

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## In This Chapter

This section provides information about Flexible Authentication Models in ESM.

Topics in this section include:

- [Applicability on page 2360](#)
- [Overview on page 2361](#)
- [Configuration on page 2363](#)
- [Conclusion on page 2404](#)

## Applicability

This example is applicable to Routed Central Office (RCO) model on 7750 SR-7/12/12e, 7750 SR-c4/12 and 7450 ESS 7/12 in mixed-mode with IOM3-XP or IMM.

The configuration was tested on release 11.0R2 in a single-homed scenario.

## Overview

The flexible authentication model for IPoE and PPPoE subscribers allows for mixing of configuration parameters obtained during the authentication phase from different sources: LUDB, RADIUS or Local User Database (LUDB), RADIUS or DHCP options that can be populated via a custom Python script. In case the same parameter is available from multiple sources, a priority mechanism is enforced whereby the parameter received from a higher priority source overrides the parameters received from the lower priority source in the following priority LUDB to RADIUS to Python.

In this example we will configure a dual-stack IPoE and a dual stack PPPoE host using 4 different methods to obtain their configuration parameters. The setup will utilize a single 7x50 BNG node with a locally configured DHCP server and LUDB as well as an external RADIUS server. Subscriber hosts are instantiated on managed (dynamic) SAPs.

The subscriber configuration parameters are in general divided into two categories:

- IP addressing parameters of the host — IPv4/v6 address/prefix, DNS servers, IPv4 default-gateway, IPv4 subnet-mask, IPv4/v6 address pool name, DHCPv4/v6 lease times, etc.
- Non IP addressing parameters of the host — Subscriber hosts strings are used to associate the subscriber-host with the desired level of service (sub/sla-profiles, inter-dest-id string, etc); managed routes are used for routing purposes to/from the host; etc.

The following four scenarios will be examined:

1. DHCP relay case (IP address is assigned via local DHCP server) with NO authentication. See [page 2367](#).
2. DHCP relay case (IP address is assigned via local DHCP server) with LUDB + RADIUS authentication. See [page 2375](#).

RADIUS provides: sub/sla-profile strings and a framed IPv4 route.

LUDB provides: IP address pool, inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment, msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

3. IP proxy case (IP address is assigned via RADIUS) with LUDB + RADIUS authentication. [page 2385](#)

RADIUS provides: IP addresses<sup>1</sup> and related parameters (DNS server, IPv4 default-gateway, etc), inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment and a framed route.

LUDB provides: sub/sla-profile strings and msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

4. IP proxy case (IP address is assigned via LUDB) with LUDB + RADIUS authentication. [page 2394](#)

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1. IPv6 lease-times are provided under the group-interface.

## Overview

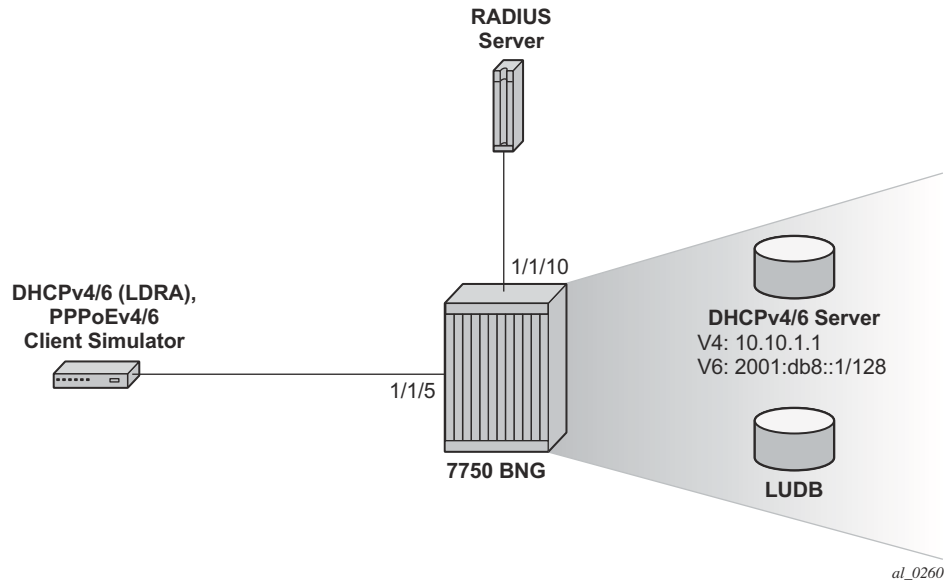
RADIUS provides: sub/sla-profile strings and a framed IPv4 route.

LUDB provides IP addresses and related parameters (DNS server, IPv4 default-gateway, etc), inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment and msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

In cases 2-4, the domain-name *alu-domain* is appended to the IPoE and PPPoE username in LUDB, just before RADIUS authentication takes place.

## Configuration

The topology is shown in [Figure 370](#).



**Figure 370: Topology**

There is a common part of the configuration that applies uniformly across all four examined scenarios. This common part is outlined below and will not be repeated again when we describe more specific cases. It is assumed that the more specific cases also contain this common part of the configuration.

## Common Configuration Examples

---

### Access Ethernet Port with QinQ Encapsulation

The following output displays a configuration example.

```
configure port 1/1/5
  ethernet
    mode access
    encap-type qinq
  exit
  no shutdown
```

---

### Capture SAP

A capture SAP is used to dynamically detect the VLAN id(s) in incoming DHCP/PPPoE packets (triggering packets) and conditionally instantiate the managed (dynamic) SAP. LUDB must be configured under the capture SAP to authorize the user accessing the capture SAP. The LUDB may contain additional parameters needed to setup the subscriber, it can point the subscriber to the RADIUS server for additional parameters or it may contain a default subscriber-host entry without any configuration parameters.

In this case the **msap-defaults** under the capture SAP is used to select the routing context where the msap is created. **msap-defaults** can be also configured in the LUDB or be supplied via RADIUS.

*PPPoE policy* and *msap policy* are used to define PPPoE and SAP level parameters. Since the (dynamic) SAP does not exist at the time when the initial DHCP/PPPoE packets are received, the PPPoE/SAP level parameters are taken from the PPPoE/msap policy under the capture SAP. For example, those parameters are used in the PPP PADx/LCP/Authentication setup phase, they define default subscriber host strings, maximum number of subscriber hosts per SAP, the anti-spoofing mode, etc.

```
configure service vpls 2
  sap 1/1/5:17.* capture-sap create
  description "open DHCP model testing"
  trigger-packet dhcp dhcp6 pppoe
  dhcp-user-db "open-dhcp"
  dhcp6-user-db "open-dhcp"
  pppoe-policy "pppoe_pol"
  pppoe-user-db "open-dhcp"
  msap-defaults
    group-interface "open-auth"
  policy "msaps"
  service 10
  exit
exit
```

## auto-sub-id

The **auto-sub-id-key** command can be used in situations where the more specific *subscriber-id* string is not returned from LUDB or RADIUS. In this case, the auto subscriber-id for IPoE hosts is set to the circuit-id while for PPPoE hosts the auto subscriber-id is set to the circuit-id plus session-id separated by the “|” delimiter which is inserted by default.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt auto-sub-id-key
  ipoe-sub-id-key circuit-id
  ppp-sub-id-key circuit-id session-id
```

---

## PPPoE Policy

There is a maximum of PPPoE sessions per MAC on a managed SAP. The default is 1 but is increased here to 10.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt ppp-policy "pppoe_pol"
  ppp-mtu 1400
  max-sessions-per-mac 10
```

---

## MSAP Policy

The MSAP policy defines the anti-spoofing mode which is in this particular example set to next-hop MAC (nh-mac). It also defines the default subscriber management parameters in case they are not supplied via LUDB or RADIUS.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt msap-policy <msap-policy-name> create
  sub-sla-mgmt
    def-sub-id use-auto-id
    def-sub-profile "default-sub-profile"
    def-sla-profile "default-sla"
    sub-ident-policy "sub_ident_pol"
    multi-sub-sap limit 500
  exit
  ies-vprn-only-sap-parameters
    anti-spoof nh-mac
  exit
```

## subscriber-interface Configuration

The following output displays a subscriber interface configuration.

```

configure service vprn 10
  subscriber-interface "sub-int-1" create
    allow-unmatching-subnets
    address 10.12.0.1/24
    ipv6
      delegated-prefix-len 56
      allow-unmatching-prefixes
    exit
  group-interface "open-auth" create
    ipv6
      router-advertisements
        managed-configuration
        no shutdown
      exit
      dhcp6
        user-db "open-dhcp"
      exit
    exit
  arp-populate
  dhcp
    trusted
    lease-populate 1000
    user-db "open-dhcp"
  exit
  pppoe
    policy "pppoe_pol"
    session-limit 1000
    sap-session-limit 1000
    user-db "open-dhcp"
    no shutdown
  exit

```

Support for 'un-numbered'<sup>2</sup> IPv4 clients.  
 Default gateway for IPv4 'numbered' clients.

Fixed delegated prefix length for IA-PD.  
 Support for 'un-numbered' IPv6 clients.

Hint to the client to use DHCPv6.  
 Enabling Router-Advertisements.

Must be the same as under the capture-sap.

ARP table is populated based on the lease-state table.

Accept DHCP packets on this group-interface.  
 Max number of DHCPv4 clients on each SAP of  
 this grp-intf.  
 Must be the same as under the capture-sap.

Must be the same as under the capture-sap.

---

2. numbered/unnumbered subscriber-hosts. Refer to the DHCP/PPPoE clients whose assigned IP address is outside of any IP subnet/prefix configured under the subscriber-interface.



## Specific Configuration Parts

---

### DHCP Relay Case with No Authentication

The IP address is assigned via local DHCP server. The LUDB is accessed even in the scenario without authentication. There must be a default host LUDB entry present that will match on any value specified in the match-list criteria. The LUDB is accessed from the capture SAP (part of the common configuration).

```

configure subscriber-mgmt local-user-db "open-dhcp" create
  dhcp
    match-list circuit-id                               Host matching based on circuit-id in DHCP packets.
    host "default" create
      no shutdown
    exit
  exit
  ppp
    match-list username                               Host matching based on PPPoE username.
    host "default" create force-ipv6cp                 Explicitly enabled IPCPv6.
      no shutdown
    exit
  exit
  no shutdown

```

Once the routing context (service id and group-interface) is determined as defined under the capture SAP defaults (part of the common configuration), the DHCP/PPPoE requests are served according to the group-interface configuration. The IP address request is relayed to the DHCPv4/v6 server. Since the LUDB does not provide a pool name, the **gi-address** and the **link-address** is used by the DHCP relay/server to select the pool from which the IP address will be assigned.

```

configure service vprn 10 subscriber-interface "sub-int-1" group-interface "open-
auth" create
  ipv6
    dhcp6
      relay                                             DHCPv6 relay configuration.
        link-address 2001:DB8:1::
        server 2001:DB8::1                             DHCPv6 server IPv6 address.
        client-applications dhcp ppp
        no shutdown
      exit
    exit
  dhcp
    server 10.10.1.1                                   DHCPv4 server IP address.
    client-applications dhcp ppp
    gi-address 10.12.0.1
    no shutdown
  exit

```

DHCPv4/v6 servers are locally configured in the 7x50 and attached to a loopback interface.

```
configure service vprn 10 interface "loop-dhcp-srvr"
  address 10.10.1.1/24IPv4      Address to which is DHCPv4 server attached.
  ipv6
    address 2001:DB8::1/128    IPv6 address to which is DHCPv6 server attached.
    local-dhcp-server "v6"     Attaching DHCPv6 server to the loopback intf.
  exit
  local-dhcp-server "local"    Attaching DHCPv4 server to the loopback intf.
loopback
```

In the local DHCP servers two pools are defined:

- LUDB — To be used for IP address assignment when LUDB returns the pool name.
- Gi-addr — To be used when gi-address/link-address are used to select the pool for IP address assignment.

Lease times for IPv4 and IPv6 are configured in the local DHCP server which is used only in the relay case (when the IP address is supplied via DHCP server and not through RADIUS or the LUDB).

```
configure service vprn 10
  dhcp
    local-dhcp-server "local" create
    use-gi-address          The gi-address can be used to select the pool.
    use-pool-from-client    The pool name can be explicitly provided.
    pool "ludb" create      The pool used when LUDB provides the pool name.
    options
      dns-server 172.16.16.16 172.16.16.17
      lease-time hrs 1       DHCPv4 lease time.
    exit
    subnet 10.10.0.0/24 create
    options
      subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
      default-router 10.10.0.1
    exit
    address-range 10.10.0.100 10.10.0.200
  exit
  pool "gi-addr" create     Pool selected based on the gi-address.
  options
    dns-server 172.16.16.16 172.16.16.17
    lease-time hrs 1       DHCPv4 lease time.
  exit
  subnet 10.12.0.0/24 create
  options
    subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
    default-router 10.12.0.1
  exit
  address-range 10.12.0.100 10.12.0.200
  exit
  exit
no shutdown
exit
```

```

exit
dhcp6
  local-dhcp-server "v6" create
  use-link-address
  use-pool-from-client
  pool "ludb" create
  prefix 2001:DB8:10::/48 pd wan-host create
  preferred-lifetime min 30
  rebind-timer min 20
  renew-timer min 15
  valid-lifetime hrs 1    DHCPv6 lease time.
  options
  dns-server 2001:DB8::1000 2001:DB8::1001
  exit
  exit
  pool "gi-addr" create
  prefix 2001:DB8:30::/48 pd wan-host create
  preferred-lifetime min 30
  rebind-timer min 20
  renew-timer min 15
  valid-lifetime hrs 1    DHCPv6 lease time.
  options
  dns-server 2001:DB8::1000 2001:DB8::1001
  exit
  exit
  exit
no shutdown

```

Default sub/sla-profiles, from the msap-policy, are used (part of the common configuration).

```

configure subscriber-mgmt sla-profile "default-sla"
description "default SLA profile"
  host-limit 3

configure subscriber-mgmt sub-profile "default-sub-profile"
description "default SUB profile"
  egress
  agg-rate-limit 1000
exit

```

## Show Commands

The following command shows that the default sub/sla-profiles are in use, that the IP addresses are selected from the gi-addr pool in local DHCP server and that the subscriber-id is set to circuit-id for the IPoE subscriber-host and to *username|session-id* combination for the PPPoE subscriber-host.

```
A:BNG-1# show service active-subscribers
=====
Active Subscribers
=====
-----
Subscriber open-dhcp (default-sub-profile)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.10] - sla:default-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.12.0.101
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          DHCP
2001:DB8:30::1/128
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
2001:DB8:30:100::/56
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
-----
Subscriber open-pppoe|2 (default-sub-profile)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.11] - sla:default-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.12.0.100
00:00:65:17:11:02 2          IPCP
2001:DB8:30:1::1/128
00:00:65:17:11:02 2          PPP-DHCP6
2001:DB8:30:200::/56
00:00:65:17:11:02 2          PPP-DHCP6
-----
Number of active subscribers : 2
```

The following command shows more details about the subscriber-host, such as the group-interface, address origin, acct-session-id, etc. Even though there are only two dual-stack hosts (one IPoE and one PPPoE), each of them has 3 IP addresses that show up as different hosts.

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two IP hosts are shown, one with an IPv4 address and one with an IPv6 address. The remaining IP addresses/prefixes are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 subscriber-hosts detail
=====
Subscriber Host table
=====
Sap                Subscriber
  IP Address
  MAC Address      PPPoE-SID Origin      Fwding State
-----
[1/1/5:17.10]      open-dhcp
  10.12.0.101
  00:00:65:17:10:01  N/A      DHCP      Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
Sub Profile           : default-sub-profile
SLA Profile           : default-sla
App Profile           : N/A
Egress Q-Group       : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport         : N/A
Acct-Session-Id      : D897FF0000000F51DBC5A7
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF00000001051DBC5A7
Address Origin        : DHCP
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status   : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
[1/1/5:17.11]      open-pppoe|2
  2001:DB8:30:1::1/128
  00:00:65:17:11:02  2        PPP-DHCP6  Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
Sub Profile           : default-sub-profile
SLA Profile           : default-sla
App Profile           : N/A
Egress Q-Group       : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport         : N/A
Acct-Session-Id      : D897FF00000001351DBC5BA
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF00000000E51DBC59C
Address Origin        : DHCP
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status   : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
Number of subscriber hosts : 6          The remaining 4 hosts are not shown here...
=====
```

## Common Configuration Examples

The following command shows that there are no sub/sla-profile strings assigned to the subscriber. Instead the default sub/sla-profiles from the msap-policy are used.

The IP address is assigned by the DHCP server which also supplied the def-gw information, DNS servers, the net-mask and the lease time.

The circuit-id and the subscriber-id are set to the same value.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp lease-state detail
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 10.12.0.101
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:04:01
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:56:00
Remaining SessionTime: N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : ""
SLA-Profile-String   : ""
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : ""
Category-Map-Name    : ""

Lease Info origin    : DHCP

Ip-Netmask           : 255.255.255.0
Broadcast-Ip-Addr    : N/A
Default-Router       : 10.12.0.1
Primary-Dns           : 172.16.16.16
Secondary-Dns        : 172.16.16.17
Primary-Nbns         : N/A
Secondary-Nbns       : N/A

ServerLeaseStart     : 07/09/2013 01:11:19
ServerLastRenew      : 07/09/2013 01:11:19
ServerLeaseEnd       : 07/09/2013 02:11:19
Session-Timeout      : N/A
Lease-Time            : 0d 01:00:00
DHCP Server Addr     : 10.10.1.1

Relay Agent Information
  Circuit Id       : open-dhcp
  Remote Id          : ipoe-v6
  Radius User-Name   : ""
=====
Number of lease states : 1
=====
```

Then there is a similar command used for DHCPv6 lease-state details.

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two IPv6 leases is shown. The remaining two IPv6 leases are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp6 lease-state detail
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:30::1/128
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:44:50
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:45:10
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : ""
SLA-Profile-String   : ""
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : ""
Category-Map-Name    : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID) : 00030001000065171001
Dhcp6 IAID           : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type      : non-temporary
Dhcp6 Client Ip      : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1001
Primary-Dns           : N/A
Secondary-Dns         : N/A
Pool Name             : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr    : 2001:DB8::1
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID) : 00030001d897ff000000
Dhcp6 InterfaceId    : open-dhcp
Dhcp6 RemoteId       : 0000ipoe-v6

Lease Info origin    : DHCP

ServerLeaseStart     : 07/09/2013 01:11:28
ServerLastRenew      : 07/09/2013 01:41:28
ServerLeaseEnd       : 07/09/2013 02:41:28      One hour lease time.
Session-Timeout      : N/A
Radius User-Name     : ""
=====
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:30:1::1/128
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:11:02
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.11]
Up Time              : 0d 00:44:40
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:45:20
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A
```

## Common Configuration Examples

```
Sub-Ident          : "open-pppoe|2"
Sub-Profile-String : ""
SLA-Profile-String : ""
App-Profile-String : ""
Lease ANCP-String  : ""
Lease Int Dest Id  : ""
Category-Map-Name  : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID): 00030001000065171102
Dhcp6 IAID         : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type    : non-temporary
Dhcp6 Client Ip    : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1102
Primary-Dns        : N/A
Secondary-Dns      : N/A
Pool Name          : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr  : 2001:DB8::1
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID): 00030001d897ff000000
Dhcp6 InterfaceId  : open-pppoe
Dhcp6 RemoteId     : N/A

Lease Info origin  : DHCP

ServerLeaseStart   : 07/09/2013 01:11:38
ServerLastRenew    : 07/09/2013 01:41:38
ServerLeaseEnd     : 07/09/2013 02:41:38
Session-Timeout    : N/A
Radius User-Name   : ""
```

-----  
Number of lease states : 4

The remaining 2 leases are not shown here.

=====



## DHCP Relay Case with LUDB + RADIUS Authentication

IP address is assigned via local DHCP server.

- RADIUS provides sub/sla-profile strings and a framed IPv4 route.
- LUDB provides IP address pool, inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment, msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

Vport aggregate rate limit and the port scheduler are now added to the physical port. The Vport is associated with the subscriber through the inter-dest-id string obtained via LUDB.

```
configure port 1/1/5
  ethernet
  mode access
  encap-type qinq
  egress-scheduler-policy "port"
  access
    egress
      vport "open-dhcp" create
      agg-rate-limit 500
      host-match dest "open-auth-vport" create
    exit
  exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
```

The LUDB is used to assign the IP pool name (pool-name = ladb) and the inter-dest-id string (inter-dest-id = open-auth-vport) to the subscriber. The pool name is carried to the DHCP server via custom DHCP options [(82,9,13) in DHCPv4 and (17,1->wan\_pool and 2->pfx\_pool) in DHCPv6].

The domain name *alu-domain* is appended to the username (circuit-id = open-dhcp or username = open-pppoe) before an Access-Request message is sent to the RADIUS server which is configured in the authentication policy *open-dhcp*.

The inter-dest-id string taken from the LUDB is passed to the subscriber management module in the 7x50 via DHCP option 254 in DHCP ACK/Reply.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt local-user-db "open-dhcp"
local-user-db "open-dhcp" create
  dhcp
  match-list circuit-id
  host "open-dhcp" create
  host-identification
  circuit-id string "open-dhcp"
  exit
  address pool "ladb"
  auth-policy "open-dhcp"
  auth-domain-name "alu-domain"
  identification-strings 254 create
  inter-dest-id "open-auth-vport"
```

## Common Configuration Examples

```
        exit
    msap-defaults
        group-interface "open-auth"
        policy "msaps"
        service 10
    exit
    ipv6-wan-address-pool "ludb"
    ipv6-delegated-prefix-pool "ludb"
    no shutdown
    exit
exit
ppp
    match-list circuit-id username
    host "open-ppp" create
        host-identification
            username "open-pppoe"
        exit
        auth-policy "open-dhcp"
        address pool "ludb"
        password chap "ALU" hash2
        identification-strings 254 create
            inter-dest-id "open-auth-vport"
        exit
    msap-defaults
        group-interface "open-auth"
        policy "msaps"
        service 10
    exit
    ipv6-delegated-prefix-pool "ludb"
    ipv6-wan-address-pool "ludb"
    no shutdown
    exit
    exit
    no shutdown
exit
```

The *inter-dest-id* string taken from the LUDB is passed to the subscriber management module in the 7x50 via DHCPv4/v6 option 254 that is specified in the subscriber identification policy.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt sub-ident-policy "sub_ident_pol"
    strings-from-option 254
```

The RADIUS server is defined in the authentication policy. The domain name can be appended to the PPPoE subscriber host directly via the authentication-policy while for IPoE subscribers, the domain name is appended via the authentication-policy in conjunction with the LUDB. This can be verified in the output (shown later) of the **show service id 10 dhcp lease-state detail** and **show service id 10 dhcp6 lease-state detail** commands (on the “radius user-name” line).

```
configure subscriber-mgmt authentication-policy "open-dhcp"
password "ALU" hash2
    ppp-user-name append "alu-domain"
    radius-authentication-server
        server 1 address X.Y.Z.W secret "ALU" hash2
    exit
    user-name-format circuit-id append
    pppoe-access-method pap-chap
```

The RADIUS user configuration file uses the domain-name extension, as inserted by the 7x50 BNG, to authenticate the user:

```
open-dhcp@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
    Alc-Subsc-Prof-Str = rad-sub,           Subscriber profile string.
    Alc-SLA-Prof-Str = rad-sla,           SLA profile string.
    Framed-Route = "192.168.1.0/24 0.0.0.0" Managed IPv4 route.
    Fall-Through = No
```

```
open-pppoe@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
    Alc-Subsc-Prof-Str = rad-sub,
    Alc-SLA-Prof-Str = rad-sla,
    Framed-Route = "192.168.2.0/24 0.0.0.0",
    Fall-Through = No
```

DHCPv4/v6 servers are locally configured in the 7x50 and attached to a loopback interface:

```
configure service vprn 10 interface "loop-dhcp-srvr"
    address 10.10.1.1/24                IPv4 address to which is DHCPv4 server attached.
    ipv6
    address 2001:DB8::1/128            IPv6 address to which is DHCPv6 server attached.
    local-dhcp-server "v6"            Attaching DHCPv6 server to the loopback intf.
    exit
    local-dhcp-server "local"        Attaching DHCPv4 server to the loopback intf.
    loopback
```

Group-interface configuration. Note that common parts of the configuration as defined earlier, still apply:

```
configure service vprn 10 subscriber-interface "sub-int-1" group-interface "open-auth"
    dhcp6
    user-db "open-dhcp"
    relay                                DHCPv6 relay configuration.
    link-address 2001:DB8:30::
    server 2001:DB8::1
        client-applications dhcp ppp
        no shutdown
    exit
    exit
    dhcp                                DHCPv4 relay configuration.
    option
        no circuit-id                    7x50 will not insert its own circuit-id.
        no remote-id                     7x50 will not insert its own remote-id.
    vendor-specific-option
    pool-name
    exit
    exit
    server 10.10.1.1
    client-applications dhcp ppp
    no shutdown
    exit

exit
```

## Common Configuration Examples

Lease times for IPv4 and IPv6 are configured in the local DHCP server. Lease times under the local DHCP server are used only in the relay case (when IP address is supplied via DHCP server and NOT RADIUS or LUDB). In the proxy case the lease times can be obtained via LUDB, RADIUS or group-interface.

```
configure service vprn 10
dhcp
    local-dhcp-server "local" create
    use-gi-address                gi-address can be used to select the pool.
    use-pool-from-client          pool name can be explicitly provided.
    pool "ludb" create            pool used when LUDB provides the pool name.
    options
        dns-server 172.16.16.16 172.16.16.17
        lease-time hrs 1
    exit
    subnet 10.10.0.0/24 create
    options
        subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
        default-router 10.10.0.1
    exit
    address-range 10.10.0.100 10.10.0.200
    exit
exit
pool "gi-addr" create            pool selected based on the gi-address.
options
    dns-server 172.16.16.16 172.16.16.17
    lease-time hrs 1
exit
    subnet 10.12.0.0/24 create
options
    subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
    default-router 10.12.0.1
exit
    address-range 10.12.0.100 10.12.0.200
    exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
exit
dhcp6
    local-dhcp-server "v6" create
    use-link-address
    use-pool-from-client
    pool "ludb" create
        prefix 2001:DB8:10::/48 pd wan-host create
            preferred-lifetime min 30
            rebind-timer min 20
            renew-timer min 15
            valid-lifetime hrs 1
        options
            dns-server 2001:DB8::1000 2001:DB8::1001
        exit
    exit
exit
pool "gi-addr" create
    prefix 2001:DB8:30::/48 pd wan-host create
        preferred-lifetime min 30
        rebind-timer min 20
```

```
        renew-timer min 15
        valid-lifetime hrs 1
        options
            dns-server 2001:DB8::1000 2001:DB8::1001
        exit
    exit
    no shutdown
exit
```

RADIUS sub/sla-profiles supplied via RADIUS are used:

```
configure subscriber-mgmt sla-profile "rad-sla"
    description "sla-profile obtained via RADIUS"
    host-limit 100
    egress
    qos 10 vport-scheduler
    exit
    ip-filter 10
exit
exit

configure subscriber-mgmt sub-profile "rad-sub"
    description "sub-profile obtained via RADIUS"
    egress
    agg-rate-limit 15000
    exit
exit
```

## Show Commands

The following command shows that the rad-sub/sla-profiles, as supplied via RADIUS, are in use.

The IP addresses are selected from the pool-name LUDB in the local DHCP server. The subscriber-id is *circuit-id* for IpoE subscriber-host and the *username|session-id* combination for PPPoE subscriber host.

```
A:BNG-1#show service active-subscribers
=====
Active Subscribers
=====
Subscriber open-dhcp (rad-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.10] - sla:rad-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.101
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          DHCP
2001:DB8:10:1::1/128
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IpoE-DHCP6
2001:DB8:10:200::/56
00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IpoE-DHCP6
-----
Subscriber open-pppoe|3 (rad-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.11] - sla:rad-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.100
00:00:65:17:11:02 3          IPCP
2001:DB8:10::1/128
00:00:65:17:11:02 3          PPP-DHCP6
2001:DB8:10:100::/56
00:00:65:17:11:02 3          PPP-DHCP6
-----
Number of active subscribers : 2
-----
```

The following command shows more details about the subscriber-host, such as the group-interface, vport, address origin, acct-session-id, etc. Vport is selected based on the *inter-dest-id* string supplied via the LUDB.

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two IP addresses **hosts** is shown, one with an IPv4 address and one with an IPv6 address. The remaining IP addresses/prefixes are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 subscriber-hosts detail
=====
Subscriber Host table
=====
Sap                Subscriber
  IP Address
  MAC Address      PPPoE-SID Origin      Fwding State
-----
[1/1/5:17.10]      open-dhcp
  10.10.0.101
  00:00:65:17:10:01  N/A      DHCP      Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile          : rad-sub
SLA Profile          : rad-sla
App Profile          : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF000000051D308B2
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000000651D308B2
Address Origin       : DHCP
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status   : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
[1/1/5:17.11]      open-pppoe | 3
  2001:DB8:10::1/128
  00:00:65:17:11:02  3      PPP-DHCP6  Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile          : rad-sub
SLA Profile          : rad-sla
App Profile          : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF0000000351D308AF
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000000251D308A9
Address Origin       : DHCP
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status   : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
```

## Common Configuration Examples

The following command shows that the subscriber identity is set to *circuit-id* (plus session-id) as instructed by **auto-sub-id-key** command (subscriber-id string is not returned via the LUDB or RADIUS). The lease times are set to 1h as defined in the DHCP server. The username passed to RADIUS is a *circuit-id* or a *username* appended by the *alu-dmain* domain name.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp lease-state detail
```

```
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
```

```
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 10.10.0.101
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:12:45
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:47:16
Remaining SessionTime: N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A
```

```
Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : "rad-sub"
SLA-Profile-String : "rad-sla"
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name    : ""
```

```
Lease Info origin    : DHCP
```

```
Ip-Netmask           : 255.255.255.0
Broadcast-Ip-Addr    : N/A
Default-Router        : 10.10.0.1
Primary-Dns           : 172.16.16.16
Secondary-Dns         : 172.16.16.17
Primary-Nbns          : N/A
Secondary-Nbns        : N/A
```

```
ServerLeaseStart     : 07/02/2013 10:06:58
ServerLastRenew      : 07/02/2013 10:06:58
ServerLeaseEnd        : 07/02/2013 11:06:58
Session-Timeout       : N/A
Lease-Time            : 0d 01:00:00
DHCP Server Addr     : 10.10.1.1
```

```
Relay Agent Information
```

```
  Circuit Id       : open-dhcp
  Remote Id         : ipoe-v6
  Radius User-Name  : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"
```

```
Managed Routes      : 192.168.1.0/24          installed
```

```
-----
Number of lease states : 1
=====
```



For the purpose of brevity the output for only two IPv6 leases is shown. The remaining two IPv6 leases are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp6 lease-state detail
```

```
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
```

```
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:10::1/128
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:11:02
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.11]
Up Time              : 0d 00:13:00
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:47:00
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-pppoe|3"
Sub-Profile-String   : "rad-sub"
SLA-Profile-String   : "rad-sla"
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name    : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID) : 00030001000065171102
Dhcp6 IAID           : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type      : non-temporary
Dhcp6 Client Ip      : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1102
Primary-Dns          : N/A
Secondary-Dns        : N/A
Pool Name            : "ludb"
Dhcp6 Server Addr    : 2001:DB8::1
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID) : 00030001d897ff000000
Dhcp6 InterfaceId    : open-pppoe
Dhcp6 RemoteId       : N/A

Lease Info origin    : DHCP

ServerLeaseStart     : 07/02/2013 10:06:55
ServerLastRenew      : 07/02/2013 10:06:55
ServerLeaseEnd       : 07/02/2013 11:06:55
Session-Timeout      : N/A
Radius User-Name     : "open-pppoe@alu-domain"
```

```
-----
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:10:1::1/128
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:12:52
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:47:08
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : "rad-sub"
```

## Common Configuration Examples

```
SLA-Profile-String      : "rad-sla"  
App-Profile-String     : ""  
Lease ANCP-String      : ""  
Lease Int Dest Id      : "open-auth-vport"  
Category-Map-Name      : ""  
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID)  : 00030001000065171001  
Dhcp6 IAID              : 0  
Dhcp6 IAID Type        : non-temporary  
Dhcp6 Client Ip        : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1001  
Primary-Dns             : N/A  
Secondary-Dns          : N/A  
Pool Name               : "ludb"  
Dhcp6 Server Addr      : 2001:DB8::1  
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID)  : 00030001d897ff000000  
Dhcp6 InterfaceId      : open-dhcp  
Dhcp6 RemoteId         : 0000ipoe-v6  
  
Lease Info origin      : DHCP  
  
ServerLeaseStart       : 07/02/2013 10:07:03  
ServerLastRenew       : 07/02/2013 10:07:03  
ServerLeaseEnd        : 07/02/2013 11:07:03  
Session-Timeout        : N/A  
Radius User-Name       : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"  
-----
```

## IP Proxy Case with LUDB + RADIUS Authentication

IP address is assigned via RADIUS.

- RADIUS provides IP addresses<sup>3</sup> and related parameters (DNS server, IPv4 default-gateway, etc), inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment and a framed route.
- LUDB provides sub/sla-profile strings and msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

Vport aggregate rate limit and the port scheduler are now added to the physical port. The Vport is associated with the subscriber through the inter-dest-id string obtained via the LUDB.

```
configure port 1/1/5
  ethernet
  mode access
  encap-type qinq
  egress-scheduler-policy "port"
  access
    egress
      vport "open-dhcp" create
      agg-rate-limit 500
      host-match dest "open-auth-vport" create
    exit
  exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
```

The LUDB is used to assign the sub/sla-profile strings.

The domain name **alu-domain** is appended to the username (circuit-id = open-dhcp or username = open-pppoe) before an Access-Request is sent to the RADIUS server that is configured in the authentication policy **open-dhcp**.

---

3. IPv6 lease-times are provided under the group-interface.

## Common Configuration Examples

```
local-user-db "open-dhcp" create
  ipoe
    match-list circuit-id
    host "open-dhcp" create
      host-identification
        circuit-id string "open-dhcp"
      exit
      auth-policy "open-dhcp"
      auth-domain-name "alu-domain"
      identification-strings 254 create
        sla-profile-string "ludb-sla"
        sub-profile-string "ludb-sub"
      exit
      msap-defaults
        group-interface "open-auth"
        policy "msaps"
        service 10
      exit
    no shutdown
  exit
exit
ppp
  match-list circuit-id mac username
  host "open-ppp" create
    host-identification
      username "open-pppoe"
    exit
    auth-policy "open-dhcp"
    password chap "ALU" hash2
    identification-strings 254 create
      sla-profile-string "ludb-sla"
      sub-profile-string "ludb-sub"
    exit
    msap-defaults
      group-interface "open-auth"
      policy "msaps"
      service 10
    exit
  no shutdown
  exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
```

RADIUS is defined in the **authentication-policy**. The domain name can be appended to the PPPoE subscriber host directly via authentication-policy, while for IpoE subscribers the domain name is appended via authentication-policy in conjunction with LUDB.

```
configure subscriber-mgmt authentication-policy "open-dhcp"
password "ALU" hash2
    ppp-user-name append "alu-domain"
    radius-authentication-server
        server 1 address X.Y.Z.W secret "ALU" hash2
    exit
    user-name-format circuit-id append
    pppoe-access-method pap-chap
```

The RADIUS user configuration file uses the domain extension as inserted by the 7x50 BNG node to authenticate the user. The *inter-dest-id* string and the host IP address are provided by the RADIUS server (proxy case) along with other IP addressing parameters.

The IPv4 lease time (30 minutes) for IPv4 addresses are provided by the RADIUS server, while the lease time (30 minutes) for IPv6 addresses/prefixes are configured under the **group-interface**.

```
open-dhcp@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
    Alc-Int-Dest-Id-Str = open-auth-vport,
    Framed-IP-Address = 10.10.0.230,
    Framed-IP-Netmask = 255.255.255.0,
    Alc-Default-Router = 10.10.0.1,
    Alc-Lease-Time = 1800,
    Client-DNS-Pri = 172.16.20.20,
    Client-DNS-Sec = 172.16.20.21,
    Alc-IPv6-Address = 2001:db8::100,
    Delegated-IPv6-Prefix = 2001:DB8:40:100::/56,
    Alc-IPv6-Primary-Dns = 2001:DB8::2000,
    Alc-Ipv6-Secondary-Dns = 2001:DB8::2001,
    Framed-Route = "192.168.1.0/24 0.0.0.0",
    Fall-Through = No

open-pppoe@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
    Alc-Int-Dest-Id-Str = open-auth-vport,
    Framed-IP-Address = 10.10.0.231,
    Framed-IP-Netmask = 255.255.255.255,
    Client-DNS-Pri = 172.16.20.20,
    Client-DNS-Sec = 172.16.20.21,
    Alc-IPv6-Address = 2001:db8:0:1::100,
    Delegated-IPv6-Prefix = 2001:DB8:40:200::/56,
    Alc-IPv6-Primary-Dns = 2001:DB8::2000,
    Alc-Ipv6-Secondary-Dns = 2001:DB8::2001,
    Framed-Route = "192.168.2.0/24 0.0.0.0",
    Fall-Through = No
```

## Common Configuration Examples

The group-interface configuration is shown below. Note that common parts of the configuration as defined earlier still apply.

```
configure service vprn 10 subscriber-interface "sub-int-1" group-interface "open-auth"
create
  ipv6
  dhcp6
    proxy-server
      renew-timer min 7
      rebind-timer min 10
      valid-lifetime min 30
      preferred-lifetime min 15
      client-applications dhcp ppp
      no shutdown
    exit
  exit
  dhcp
    proxy-server
      emulated-server 10.12.0.1
      no shutdown
    exit
  no shutdown
  exit
exit
```

RADIUS sub/sla-profiles supplied via the LUDB are used:

```
configure subscriber-mgmt sla-profile "ludb-sla"
  description "sla-profile obtained via LUDB"
  host-limit 100
  egress
    qos 10 vport-scheduler
  exit
ip-filter 10
exit

config>subscr-mgmt# sub-profile "ludb-sub"
description "sub-profile obtained via LUDB"
  egress
    agg-rate-limit 15000
  exit
```

## Show Commands

The following command shows that the LUDB-sub/sla-profiles, as supplied via LUDB, are in use. The IP addresses are supplied via the RADIUS server. The subscriber-id is auto-generated (not returned via LUDB or RADIUS) and it is set to circuit-id for the IPoE subscriber-host, and to the *username|session-id* combination for PPPoE subscriber host.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service active-subscribers
=====
Active Subscribers
=====
-----
Subscriber open-dhcp (ludb-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.10] - sla:ludb-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.230         00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          DHCP
2001:DB8::100/128   00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
2001:DB8:40:100::/56 00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
-----
Subscriber open-pppoe|12 (ludb-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.11] - sla:ludb-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.231         00:00:65:17:11:02 12          IPCP
2001:DB8::1:0:0:0:100/128 00:00:65:17:11:02 12          PPP-DHCP6
2001:DB8:40:200::/56 00:00:65:17:11:02 12          PPP-DHCP6
-----
Number of active subscribers : 2
-----
```

## Common Configuration Examples

The following command shows more details about the subscriber-host, such as the group-interface, vport, address origin, acct-session-id, etc. Vport is selected based on the *inter-dest-id* string supplied via RADIUS.

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two hosts is shown, one with IPv4 address and one with IPv6 prefix. The remaining IP addresses/prefixes are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 subscriber-hosts detail
=====
Subscriber Host table
=====
Sap                Subscriber
  IP Address
  MAC Address      PPPoE-SID Origin      Fwding State
-----
[1/1/5:17.10]      open-dhcp
  10.10.0.230
  00:00:65:17:10:01  N/A      DHCP      Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile         : ludb-sub
SLA Profile         : ludb-sla
App Profile         : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF0000004751D31B6E
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000004851D31B6E
Address Origin      : AAA
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status  : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
[1/1/5:17.11]      open-pppoe|12
  2001:DB8:40:200::/56
  00:00:65:17:11:02  12      PPP-DHCP6  Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile         : ludb-sub
SLA Profile         : ludb-sla
App Profile         : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF0000004651D31B6B
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000004451D31B65
Address Origin      : AAA
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status  : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
Number of subscriber hosts : 6          The remaining 4 hosts are not shown here.
=====
```



The following command shows that the subscriber identity is set to *circuit-id* (plus *session-id*) as instructed by the **auto-sub-id-key** command (the *subscriber-id* string is not returned via LUDB or RADIUS). The lease times are set to 30 minutes as defined by RADIUS for IPv4 addresses and by the group-interface for IPv6 addresses/prefixes (proxy-case). The username passed to RADIUS is the circuit-id or username appended to the *alu-dmain* domain name.

The origin of the lease is RADIUS.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp lease-state detail
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
Service ID          : 10
IP Address          : 10.10.0.230
Client HW Address   : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
SAP                 : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time             : 0d 00:02:24
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:27:37
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key     : N/A

Sub-Ident           : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String  : "ludb-sub"
SLA-Profile-String  : "ludb-sla"
App-Profile-String  : ""
Lease ANCP-String   : ""
Lease Int Dest Id   : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name   : ""

Lease Info origin   : Radius

Ip-Netmask          : 255.255.255.0
Broadcast-Ip-Addr   : 10.10.0.255
Default-Router      : 10.10.0.1
Primary-Dns         : 172.16.20.20
Secondary-Dns       : 172.16.20.21
Primary-Nbns        : N/A
Secondary-Nbns      : N/A

ServerLeaseStart    : 07/02/2013 11:26:54
ServerLastRenew     : 07/02/2013 11:26:54
ServerLeaseEnd      : 07/02/2013 11:56:54
Session-Timeout     : N/A
Lease-Time          : 0d 00:30:00
DHCP Server Addr    : N/A

Relay Agent Information
  Circuit Id        : open-dhcp
  Remote Id         : ipoe-v6
  Radius User-Name  : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"

Managed Routes     : 192.168.1.0/24          installed
=====
Number of lease states : 1
=====
```

## Common Configuration Examples

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two IPv6 prefixes are shown. The remaining two IPv6 leases are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp6 lease-state detail
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:40:100::/56
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:02:32
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:27:28
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : "ludb-sub"
SLA-Profile-String   : "ludb-sla"
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name    : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID) : 00030001000065171001
Dhcp6 IAID           : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type      : prefix
Dhcp6 Client Ip      : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1001
Primary-Dns           : 2001:DB8::2000
Secondary-Dns         : 2001:DB8::2001
Pool Name             : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr    : N/A
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID) : N/A
Dhcp6 InterfaceId    : open-dhcp
Dhcp6 RemoteId       : 0000ipoe-v6

Lease Info origin    : Radius

ServerLeaseStart     : 07/02/2013 11:26:58
ServerLastRenew      : 07/02/2013 11:26:58
ServerLeaseEnd       : 07/02/2013 11:56:58
Session-Timeout      : N/A
Radius User-Name     : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"
-----
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 2001:DB8:40:200::/56
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:11:02
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.11]
Up Time              : 0d 00:02:39
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:27:21
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-pppoe|12"
Sub-Profile-String   : "ludb-sub"
```

```

SLA-Profile-String      : "ludb-sla"
App-Profile-String     : ""
Lease ANCP-String      : ""
Lease Int Dest Id      : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name      : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID)  : 00030001000065171102
Dhcp6 IAID             : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type        : prefix
Dhcp6 Client Ip        : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1102
Primary-Dns             : 2001:DB8::2000
Secondary-Dns          : 2001:DB8::2001
Pool Name              : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr      : N/A
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID)  : N/A
Dhcp6 InterfaceId      : open-pppoe
Dhcp6 RemoteId         : N/A

```

```
Lease Info origin      : Radius
```

```

ServerLeaseStart       : 07/02/2013 11:26:51
ServerLastRenew        : 07/02/2013 11:26:51
ServerLeaseEnd         : 07/02/2013 11:56:51
Session-Timeout        : N/A
Radius User-Name       : "open-pppoe@alu-domain"

```

```
-----
Number of lease states : 4
=====
```

```
The remaining two not shown in this output.
```

### IP Proxy Case with LUDB + RADIUS Authentication

P address is assigned via LUDB.

- RADIUS provides sub/sla-profile strings and a framed IPv4 route.
- LUDB provides IP addresses<sup>4</sup> and related parameters (DNS server, IPv4 default-gateway, etc), inter-dest-id string for Vport assignment and msap-defaults (routing context parameters and msap-policy).

Vport aggregate rate limit and the port scheduler are now added to the physical port. The Vport is associated with the subscriber through the inter-dest-id string obtained via the LUDB.

```
configure port 1/1/5
  ethernet
  mode access
  encap-type qinq
  egress-scheduler-policy "port"
  access
    egress
      vport "open-dhcp" create
      agg-rate-limit 500
      host-match dest "open-auth-vport" create
    exit
  exit
exit
no shutdown
exit
```

The LUDB is used to assign the inter-dest-id string, host IP addresses and IP addressing parameters. The DHCP lease time for IPv4 addresses is set to 15 minutes in the LUDB while lease times for IPv6 addresses/prefixes is set under the group-interface (set to 30 minutes).

Domain name *alu-domain* is appended to the username (circuit-id = *open-dhcp* or username = *open-pppoe*) before an Access-Request is sent to the RADIUS server that is configured in the authentication-policy **open-dhcp**.

```
local-user-db "open-dhcp" create
  dhcp
    match-list circuit-id
    host "open-dhcp" create
    host-identification
      circuit-id string "open-dhcp"
    exit
    address 10.10.0.230
    auth-policy "open-dhcp"
    auth-domain-name "alu-domain"
    identification-strings 254 create
      inter-dest-id "open-auth-vport"
    exit
```

---

4. IPv6 lease-times are provided under the group-interface.

```

msap-defaults
  group-interface "open-auth"
  policy "msaps"
  service 10
exit
options
  subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
  default-router 10.10.0.254
  dns-server 172.16.20.20 172.16.20.21
  lease-time min 15
exit
options6
  dns-server 2001:DB8::2000 2001:DB8::2001
exit
ipv6-address 2001:DB8::100
ipv6-delegated-prefix 2001:DB8:40:100::/56
no shutdown
exit
exit

```

RADIUS is defined in the authentication-policy. The domain name can be appended to the PPPoE subscriber host directly via authentication-policy while for IPoE subscribers, the domain name is appended via authentication policy in conjunction with LUDB.

```

configure subscriber-mgmt authentication-policy "open-dhcp"
password "ALU" hash2
  ppp-user-name append "alu-domain"
  radius-authentication-server
    server 1 address X.Y.Z.W secret "ALU" hash2
  exit
  user-name-format circuit-id append
  pppoe-access-method pap-chap

```

The RADIUS user configuration file uses the domain extension as inserted by the 7x50 to authenticate the user.

```

open-dhcp@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
  Alc-Subsc-Prof-Str = rad-sub,
  Alc-SLA-Prof-Str = rad-sla,
  Framed-Route = "192.168.1.0/24 0.0.0.0",
  Fall-Through = No

open-pppoe@alu-domain Cleartext-Password := "ALU"
  Alc-Subsc-Prof-Str = rad-sub,
  Alc-SLA-Prof-Str = rad-sla,
  Framed-Route = "192.168.2.0/24 0.0.0.0",
  Fall-Through = No

```

## Common Configuration Examples

The group interface configuration is shown below. Note that common parts of the configuration as defined earlier still apply.

```
configure service vprn 10 subscriber-interface "sub-int-1" group-interface "open-auth"
create
  ipv6
    dhcp6
      proxy-server
        renew-timer min 7
        rebind-timer min 10
        valid-lifetime min 30
        preferred-lifetime min 15
        client-applications dhcp ppp
        no shutdown
      exit
    exit
  dhcp
    proxy-server
      emulated-server 10.12.0.1
      no shutdown
    exit
  no shutdown
  exit
exit
```

RADIUS sub/sla-profiles supplied by RADIUS are defined as:

```
configure subscriber-mgmt sla-profile "rad-sla"
  description "sla-profile obtained via LUDB"
  host-limit 100
  egress
    qos 10 vport-scheduler
  exit
ip-filter 10
exit

configure subscriber-mgmt sub-profile "rad-sub"
description "sub-profile obtained via LUDB"
  egress
    agg-rate-limit 15000
  exit
```

## Show Commands

The following command shows that the rad-sub/sla-profiles, as provided by RADIUS, are in use. The IP addresses are provided by LUDB. The *subscriber-id* is auto-generated (not returned via the LUDB or RADIUS) and it is set to *circuit-id* for IPoE subscriber-host(s) and to *username|session-id* combination for PPPoE subscriber host(s).

```
*A:BNG-1# show service active-subscribers
=====
Active Subscribers
=====
-----
Subscriber open-dhcp (rad-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.10] - sla:rad-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.230         00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          DHCP
2001:DB8::100/128   00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
2001:DB8:40:100::/56 00:00:65:17:10:01 N/A          IPoE-DHCP6
-----
Subscriber open-pppoe|1 (rad-sub)
-----
(1) SLA Profile Instance sap:[1/1/5:17.11] - sla:rad-sla
-----
IP Address          MAC Address          PPPoE-SID Origin
-----
10.10.0.231         00:00:65:17:11:02 1            IPCP
2001:DB8::1:0:0:0:100/128 00:00:65:17:11:02 1            PPP-DHCP6
2001:DB8:40:200::/56 00:00:65:17:11:02 1            PPP-DHCP6
-----
Number of active subscribers : 2
-----
```

## Common Configuration Examples

The following command shows more details about the subscriber-host, such as the group-interface, vport, address origin, acct-session-id, etc. Vport is selected based on the *inter-dest-id* string as supplied via RADIUS.

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two hosts is shown, one with IPv4 address and one with IPv6 prefix. The remaining IP addresses/prefixes are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 subscriber-hosts detail
=====
Subscriber Host table
=====
Sap                Subscriber
  IP Address
  MAC Address      PPPoE-SID Origin      Fwding State
-----
[1/1/5:17.10]      open-dhcp
  10.10.0.230
  00:00:65:17:10:01  N/A      DHCP      Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile         : rad-sub
SLA Profile         : rad-sla
App Profile         : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF000000051D48D5A
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000000151D48D5A
Address Origin      : LUDB
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status  : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
[1/1/5:17.11]      open-pppoe|1
  2001:DB8:40:200::/56
  00:00:65:17:11:02  1        PPP-DHCP6  Fwding
-----
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
Sub Profile         : rad-sub
SLA Profile         : rad-sla
App Profile         : N/A
Egress Q-Group      : policer-output-queues
Egress Vport        : open-dhcp
Acct-Session-Id     : D897FF0000000851D48D66
Acct-Q-Inst-Session-Id: D897FF0000000651D48D61
Address Origin      : LUDB
OT HTTP Rdr IP-FltrId : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Status  : N/A
OT HTTP Rdr Fltr Src : N/A
-----
Number of subscriber hosts : 6                The remaining 4 hosts are not shown here.
=====
```



The following command shows that the subscriber identity is set to circuit-id (plus session-id) as instructed by the **auto-sub-id-key** command (the *subscriber-id* string is not returned via the LUDB or RADIUS). The DHCPv4 lease time is set to 15 minutes as defined by the LUDB. The DHCPv6 lease times are set to 30 minutes as configured under the group-interface. The username passed to RADIUS is the circuit-id or username appended by the *alu-dmain* domain name.

The origin of the lease is RADIUS.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp lease-state detail
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
Service ID           : 10
IP Address           : 10.10.0.230
Client HW Address    : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface      : open-auth
SAP                  : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time              : 0d 00:02:09
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:12:51
Remaining SessionTime: N/A
Persistence Key      : N/A

Sub-Ident            : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String   : "rad-sub"
SLA-Profile-String   : "rad-sla"
App-Profile-String   : ""
Lease ANCP-String    : ""
Lease Int Dest Id    : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name    : ""

Lease Info origin    : UserDb

Ip-Netmask           : 255.255.255.0
Broadcast-Ip-Addr    : 10.10.0.255
Default-Router       : 10.10.0.254
Primary-Dns          : 172.16.20.20
Secondary-Dns        : 172.16.20.21
Primary-Nbns         : N/A
Secondary-Nbns       : N/A

ServerLeaseStart     : 07/03/2013 13:45:14
ServerLastRenew      : 07/03/2013 13:45:14
ServerLeaseEnd       : 07/03/2013 14:00:14
Session-Timeout      : N/A
Lease-Time           : 0d 00:15:00
DHCP Server Addr     : N/A

Relay Agent Information
  Circuit Id         : open-dhcp
  Remote Id          : ipoe-v6
  Radius User-Name   : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"

Managed Routes      : 192.168.1.0/24          installed
-----
Number of lease states : 1
=====
```

## Common Configuration Examples

For the purpose of brevity, the output for only two IPv6 leases is shown. The remaining two IPv6 leases are not shown since the output follows the same logic.

```
*A:BNG-1# show service id 10 dhcp6 lease-state detail
```

```
=====
DHCP lease states for service 10
=====
```

```
Service ID          : 10
IP Address          : 2001:DB8::100/128
Client HW Address   : 00:00:65:17:10:01
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
SAP                 : [1/1/5:17.10]
Up Time             : 0d 00:02:17
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:27:43
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key     : N/A

Sub-Ident           : "open-dhcp"
Sub-Profile-String  : "rad-sub"
SLA-Profile-String  : "rad-sla"
App-Profile-String  : ""
Lease ANCP-String   : ""
Lease Int Dest Id   : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name   : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID) : 00030001000065171001
Dhcp6 IAID          : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type     : non-temporary
Dhcp6 Client Ip     : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1001
Primary-Dns         : 2001:DB8::2000
Secondary-Dns       : 2001:DB8::2001
Pool Name           : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr   : N/A
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID) : N/A
Dhcp6 InterfaceId   : open-dhcp
Dhcp6 RemoteId      : 0000ipoe-v6

Lease Info origin   : UserDb

ServerLeaseStart    : 07/03/2013 13:45:17
ServerLastRenew     : 07/03/2013 13:45:17
ServerLeaseEnd      : 07/03/2013 14:15:17
Session-Timeout     : N/A
Radius User-Name    : "open-dhcp@alu-domain"
```

```
-----
Service ID          : 10
IP Address          : 2001:DB8:40:200::/56
Client HW Address   : 00:00:65:17:11:02
Subscriber-interface : sub-int-1
Group-interface     : open-auth
SAP                 : [1/1/5:17.11]
Up Time             : 0d 00:02:09
Remaining Lease Time : 0d 00:27:51
Remaining SessionTime : N/A
Persistence Key     : N/A

Sub-Ident           : "open-pppoe|1"
Sub-Profile-String  : "rad-sub"
```

```

SLA-Profile-String      : "rad-sla"
App-Profile-String     : ""
Lease ANCP-String      : ""
Lease Int Dest Id      : "open-auth-vport"
Category-Map-Name      : ""
Dhcp6 ClientId (DUID)  : 00030001000065171102
Dhcp6 IAID             : 0
Dhcp6 IAID Type        : prefix
Dhcp6 Client Ip        : FE80::200:65FF:FE17:1102
Primary-Dns             : 2001:DB8::2000
Secondary-Dns          : 2001:DB8::2001
Pool Name              : ""
Dhcp6 Server Addr      : N/A
Dhcp6 ServerId (DUID)  : N/A
Dhcp6 InterfaceId      : open-pppoe
Dhcp6 RemoteId         : N/A

```

```
Lease Info origin      : UserDb
```

```

ServerLeaseStart       : 07/03/2013 13:45:26
ServerLastRenew        : 07/03/2013 13:45:26
ServerLeaseEnd         : 07/03/2013 14:15:26
Session-Timeout        : N/A
Radius User-Name       : "open-pppoe@alu-domain"

```

```
-----
Number of lease states : 4                      The remaining lease states are not shown here.
=====
```

### Troubleshooting Commands

The following output shows the debugging commands which can be used to troubleshoot problems with the different authentication models.

```
*A:BNG-1# show debug
debug
  router "Base"
    radius
      server-address X.Y.Z.Y
      packet-type authentication
      detail-level medium
    exit
  exit
  router "10"
    ip
      dhcp
        detail-level high
        mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
      exit
      dhcp6
        mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
        detail-level high
      exit
    exit
    local-dhcp-server "local"
      detail-level high
      mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
    exit
    local-dhcp-server "v6"
      detail-level high
      mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
    exit
  exit
  mirror-source 100
    port 1/1/5 egress ingress
    no shutdown
  exit
  service
    id 2
      dhcp
        mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
        detail-level high
        sap 1/1/5:17.*
      exit
      dhcp6
        mode all
        detail-level medium
        sap 1/1/5:17.*
      exit
    ppp
      packet
        mode dropped-only
        detail-level high
        discovery
        ppp
        dhcp-client
```

```
        exit
    exit
exit
id 10
    ppp
        packet
            mode egr-ingr-and-dropped
            detail-level high
            discovery
            ppp
            dhcp-client
        exit
    exit
exit
subscriber-mgmt
    local-user-db open-dhcp
    detail all
exit
exit
exit
```

## Conclusion

The flexible authentication model allows access to various sources (LUDB, RADIUS, and Python) of subscriber parameters during the subscriber establishment phase. This model can be utilized for IPoE, PPPoE or L2TP subscribers in IES or VPRN services (including a wholesale/retail VRF model). A typical use case would be in a wholesale/retail environment where the wholesaler enforces its own rules via the LUDB before it passes the authentication request to the retailer's RADIUS server.